ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

By W. A. Hemphill & Co. ATLANTA GA., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 12, 1875. Vol. VII—No. 251

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATLANTA HOUSES.

CANDY & CRACKER MANUFACTORY, G. W. Jack, Whitehall street.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE — McNaught & Scrutchins, Whitehall st.

PRODUCE and Commission Merchants — S. J. Griffin, No. 9 Decatur street, Wholesale dealer in Poultry & Butter.

COMMISSION Merchants and Grocers — McDaniel & Gilreath, 117 Whitehall st.

MANUFACTURER OF BURIAL CASES, M. Cargile, No. 9 Ivy street.

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY — B. F. Moore, President, cor. Broad and Alabama sts.

LIQUORS, Champagne, Cider, etc., J. F. Grady, 2 Decatur, near the Depot.

STOVES and Housefurnishing Goods — F. M. Richardson, 83 Whitehall street.

CLOTHING — W. L. LOWE & CO., Whitehall street.

MERCHANT TAILORING — Dykeman, No. 4 Peachtree st., imported goods only.

MEAT MARKET AND DAIRY — H. C. Sawtell, 108 Whitehall street.

JEWELRY AND AGENT for ARUNDEL Spectacles — Er Lawshe, Whitehall st.

PHOTOGRAPHS — SMITH & MOTES, 32 Whitehall street.

OILS AND FINE GROCERIES — Jno. T. Hagan & Co., 114 Whitehall street.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY — J. J. Ford, corner Pryor and Line streets.

DYEHOUSE — JAMES LOCHREY, Hunter street.

RESTAURANT — THOMPSON'S, James' Bank Block.

J. M. BORN, JR., & CO., AGENTS FOR Coal Creek and Soddy Creek Coal, corner Broad and Alabama streets. nov3, '74—d1y

HOTELS.

READ HOUSE, CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE. If you desire first-class accommodations be sure to stop at this House. W. M. LEWIS, W. G. GANT, } Clerks. june28—dtf

THE LANIER HOUSE, Macon, Georgia, B. Dub, Proprietor. Good accommodations. june5—dtf

B. F. COLLINS, PROPRIETOR OF the DAWSON HOTEL, Dawson, Georgia, thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The traveling public will find this establishment, under the present management, a first-class hotel. dec6—dtf

WASHINGTON HOTEL, Washington, Wilkes county, Georgia. W. G. Barrett, Lessee. New proprietor—new and elegant furniture throughout. This house is unsurpassed in all of its appointments. Be sure and give him a call. oct17—dtf

PULASKI HOUSE, Johnson Square, Savannah, Ga., S. N. Papot & Co., Proprietors. Pleasantly located. The only hotel in the city facing south, (which is of great importance in this climate,) with a frontage of 273 feet. The best and most comfortable hotel in the Southern States. Kept strictly first-class in all its departments. july5—dtf

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

PYE HOUSE, FORSYTH, GEORGIA. *By E. D. BROWN AND SISTER.* RATES OF BOARD: Per day $2 00; Per week 10 00; Single meal 50; Single lodging 50. Rooms spacious and airy. Accommodation superior. Baggage transported to and from hotel free of charge. E. D. BROWN, Formerly of Milledgeville Hotel, Mrs. JULIA D. THWEATT, Late of Columbus, Ga. sep13—dtf

KENNESAW HOUSE, MARIETTA, GA. J. Q. A. Lewis, Proprietor of the above house, with W. M. Lewis as Clerk, announce to their friends, and the public, that everything is in first class condition, and that no expense or attendance shall be spared in giving satisfaction to all guests. nov21—dtf

THE COUCHE HOUSE, Kingston, Ga., W. F. Roberson, Proprietor—would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious hotel is now open for the reception of visitors. He is prepared to accommodate several families. Board and lodging—rooms well furnished—$25 per month. Summer visitors would do well to give him a call. dec30—dtf

RICKS HOUSE. CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA. This new and commodious brick hotel, recently completed and newly furnished, is open for public patronage. No effort will be spared to make guests comfortable. nov22—dtf E. T. WHITE, Agent.

POMONA HOUSE, CLARKESVILLE, Georgia.—This house is more desirably situated than any other house in town—affording a full view of some of the finest mountain scenery in Georgia. It is about one hundred yards from a fine mineral spring. A splendid summer resort. M. B. O'CALLAGHAN, Formerly of Globe Hotel. june14—d3tw3w

NORCROSS HOTEL. SUPPER HOUSE. BY MR. AND MRS. J. G. TRAMMELL. Board, per day $2 00; Board, per month $25 to $30 00; Single meals 75 cents. jan1—dtf

GAINESVILLE HOTEL, GAINESVILLE, Georgia. If you desire first-class accommodation be sure to stop at this house. J. J. Gaines, Proprietor. F. L. Hunter, Clerk, formerly of the New Orleans Hotel, New Orleans, La. jan31—d3m

BROWN'S HOTEL, *E. E. BROWN & SON, Proprietors,* MACON, GEORGIA. Opened January 1st, 1856. BOARD $3 PER DAY. E. E. Brown & Son, Proprietors of this popular Hotel, would inform their numerous friends that on and after the first day of September next the rates will be reduced to THREE DOLLARS PER DAY. The Proprietors would respectfully return their grateful thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to the house for near twenty years, and assure their many friends that we will use our best endeavors for the future to give the same satisfaction that we have in the past. Every attention given to ladies and families, and large rooms always ready for commercial travelers visiting Macon. Respectfully, aug30—dtf E. E. BROWN & SON.

NELMS HOUSE, GRIFFIN, GEORGIA, *BY MRS. A. M. NELMS.* Near Passenger Depot. Rates of Board per day, $2 50; Single Meal, 75 cents. [dec11-tf

NEWTON HOUSE—Mrs. Janet Haudrup, corner of Main and Spring streets, Sparta, Georgia. Terms, $2 00 per day, lodging included; 50 cents per meal without lodging. mar8—dtf

PALMETTO HOUSE, Spartanburg C. H., S. C. Located near center of the city. Renovated and new furniture. A. TOLERSON, Proprietor.

BARTOW HOUSE, Cartersville, Ga. F. S. Shelman, Clerk. dec4—dtf.

BOARDING HOUSES.

THE "VIRGINIA HOUSE," NEWNAN, GEORGIA, Will be conducted, in future, a select boarding house. Prof. Wm. Wells will still attend to the wants of boarders or guests. E. C. YANCEY. Newnan, March 8, 1875. mar10—dtf

STOP AT THE RICHMOND HOTEL near depot, or at Richmond House on public square. Street cars meet all trains and convey guests to either house free of charge. HUNT & BRO., feb9—dtf Gainesville, Ga.

LEE HOTEL, (85 and 87 WHITEHALL STREET.) The undersigned has leased and opened the above pleasantly located Hotel, and is now prepared to furnish board to families, day boarders, travelers and commercial tourists, where they will find comfortable rooms, beds, attentive servants, and excellent fare, and at as reasonable terms as such board can be had in the city, to prompt paying customers *only.* We extend a cordial invitation to give the new management a trial. T. JEFF PRITCHETT, formerly of Macon, Ga., March 10, 1875—d1w Proprietor.

BANKS.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA. F. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit. ☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☞ First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. july 4—d1y

GENERAL LAND DEALER.

A. M. COCHRAN, General Land Agent, and Dealer in Real Estate, Gainesville, Ga. Special attention given to the examination and analysis of mineral lands, and the purchase and sale of the same. Office Southeast Corner Public Square, Gainesville, Georgia. may 5—d1y

KNIGHTS OF JERICHO, THROUGHout all parts of Georgia, residing in places where there is no Lodge of the above named Order, will confer a favor by putting themselves, as soon as possible, in communication with HOKE SMITH, G. C., Atlanta, Georgia. jan21—d6m

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, DEALER IN Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc. Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 9 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. mar18—

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE.

LADIES

Should Remember, that no matter whether they have a

SEWING MACHINE,

or not, that no Household is complete without

A HOWE!

J. B. SCARRATT, Manager. aug2—may7—dtf wed fri&sun

LAWYERS.

L. T. DOWNING, ATTORNEY AND Solicitor. Practicing in the State Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, Georgia, and in the United States Courts. Also, United States Commissioner and Register in Bankruptcy. Office, over Brooks' drug store, Columbus, Georgia. mar10,'75—d12m

W. S. JOHNSON, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. June 5, 1874—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug9—d1y

HENRY D. CAPERS, ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. Office—No. 30 Kimball House. nov7—dtf

DUNCAN H. BURTS, ATTORNEY AT Law, Columbus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States at Savannah. mar10,'75—d6m

BRANHAM & SMITH, Atlanta, Ga. | SMITH & BRANHAM, Rome, Ga. J. BRANHAM, JR., & C. H. SMITH, Attorneys at Law. Partners in Court business only. Atlanta office corner of Marietta and Broad streets, up-stairs. aug6—d3mo

S. M. WYNN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Augusta, Ga., will practice in the courts of the Augusta Circuit. ☞ Special attention given to the collection of claims. apr4—d1y

A. C. McCALLA, Attorney at Law, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. may24—d1y

W. J. RAY, Attorney at Law, Madison, Ga., practices in the courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Special attention given to collections mar6—d12m

W. T. MOYERS, Attorney a Law, Newnan, Ga. Will practice in all the Courts. my30—dtf

D. D. McCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT Law, Acworth, Cobb county, Georgia. Collections a specialty. sep6, '74—d9m

J. T. SPENCE, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Georgia. Will practice in State and Federal Courts. mar5—d1y

WILLIAM WELLS, NEWNAN, GA., Notary Public and ex-Officio Justice of the Peace. Office at the Virginia Hotel, near the Court House. oct18—d3m

W. W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. Printup. june9—d1y

JASPER N. DORSEY, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. july18—d1y

ANDREW SLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections. june20—d1y

J. C. FAIN. T. C. MILNER. FAIN & MILNER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Calhoun, Georgia. Will practice in all the Superior Courts of Cherokee Georgia, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States District and Circuit Courts, at Atlanta, Ga. july16, 1874—d6m

JARED I. WHITAKER, ATTORNEY at Law, Atlanta, Georgia, will give prompt attention to all business extended to him in the State and Federal Courts. Can be found at Dr. John G. Westmoreland's office, in room No. "6" up-stairs, in James' Bank Block, Whitehall street. sep4, 1874—d6m

R. W. H. NEAL, Attorney at Law, Thomson, Ga. Will practice in the Courts of the Augusta and Middle Circuits. sep24—dtoct10

GEORGE F. PIERCE, Jr., Attorney at Law, Sparta, Ga. mar22—d6m

E. B. McDANIEL, Attorney at Law, Cartersville, Ga. Prompt attention given to collections of claims. mar11—d1y

JOHN T. JORDAN, Attorney at Law Sparta, Ga., will practice in the counties of the Northern Circuit, and Washington county of the Middle Circuit. Particular attention given to collections. mar3—d1y

JOSEPH McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Gordon county, Ga. feb20—d1y

JAMES H. GUERRY. J. L. JANES.—Guerry & Janes, Attorneys at Law, Dawson, Ga., will practice in the courts of Pataula, Southwestern and Albany Circuits, and elsewhere by special contract. may17, 1874—d6m

T. C. BATTLE, Attorney at Law, Senoia, Coweta county, Ga. Will practice in the courts of Coweta, Fayette, Spalding, Meriwether and Clayton. Special attention given to collections. june11—dtf

J. L. DOYAL, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Ga. Will practice in Clayton and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. june11—d12m

A. C. GARLINGTON. J. D. ALEXANDER. GARLINGTON & ALEXANDER, Attorneys at Law, Griffin, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the United States District Court at Savannah and Atlanta, and elsewhere by agreement. Office in Cunningham building. feb24—d3m

WM. A. TIGNER, ATTORNEY AT Law, Jonesboro, Georgia. Office in D'Vaughn's building, up-stairs. Will practice in the counties of Clayton, Henry and Fayette. jan16, '75—d1y

B. M. TURNER. A. A. MURPHEY. TURNER & MURPHEY, ATTORNEYS at Law, Barnesville, Georgia. Refer to the Barnesville Savings Bank; Powell & Murpheys; Stafford, Blalock & Co.; W. R. Murphey & Co., Barnesville, Ga.; and Farley, Powell & Co., Savannah, Georgia. jan13, '75—d1y

J. A. ANSLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15,'75—d1y

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—d1y

JOHN W. POWELL, Newnan, Ga. | J. S. STALLINGS, Senoia, Ga. POWELL & STALLINGS, ATTORNEYS AT Law, will practice in the courts of the Coweta Circuit, Supreme Court and the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. Business entrusted to them shall meet with prompt attention. sep1, '74—d3mo

JOSEPH H. SMITH, Attorney at Law. Will practice in the State Courts in Atlanta Circuit and in the United States and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Georgia. Office, No. 10 Whitehall street, up stairs, room No. 4, Atlanta, Ga. fnb1—dtf

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office (with Abda Johnson) in Court House. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—d1y

J. W. PRUETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Conyers, Georgia. Will practice in all the State Courts and the United States District and Circuit Courts at Atlanta. References—John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Lehman, Durr & Co., Bankers, Montgomery, Ala.; Stovall & Hull, Augusta, Ga.; Bates & Conner, Bankers, Savannah, Ga.; James M. Smith, Governor of Georgia. dec6—d3m

BENJ. W. BARROW. HENRY W. BARROW. BARROW & BARROW, LAWYERS, Milledgeville, Georgia. Will practice the Courts of Middle Georgia, and attend regularly the courts of Hancock, Washington, Wilkinson and Putnam. January 1, 1875—d1yr

EDWARD J. REAGAN, ATTORNEY at Law, McDonough, Georgia. Will practice in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. nov17, '74—d6mo

WM. B. GUERRY. DUPONT GUERRY. GUERRY & SON, ATTORNEYS AT Law and Solicitors in Equity, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of Sumter, Schley, Macon, Dooley, Lee, Terrell, Webster and Marion counties, in the Supreme Court of Georgia and the United States Courts at Savannah. dec18, '74—d1yr

HACKS.

GAINESVILLE AND DAHLONEGA HACK LINE. Leaves Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M. Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train. Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to Porter's Springs or other points, upon reasonable terms. aug31—dtf

DENTISTS.

DENTIST—D. SMITH, D. D. S., Resident Dentist, No. 66½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., over Chamberlain & Boynton's. may 16—d6m

DR. S. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Ga., has permanently located at No. 50 North Broad, junction of Luckie and Peachtree streets, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. jan 11—tf

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlain & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan 7—dtf

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, No. 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE DIXIE PUMP.

G. L. GREESON, Manufacturer of the Dixie Pump, the best and cheapest wooden Pump now made. It is a Southern production, of Southern material. Liberal inducements offered to the trade. Send for price list. Address G. L. GREESON, may 1—d1y Charlotte, N. C.

$10 $50, $100, $300 SHARES IN WALL street. No liability. Full personal control. Profits every thirty days. Pamphlets showing the various methods of operating in stocks sent free by J. HICKLING & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 72 Broadway, N. Y. Orders for stocks solicited. A. WALDRON, formerly of Charleston, S. C., and Augusta, Ga., is connected with the above firm, and will be glad to receive commissions from his friends. jan28—d3m

LAGRANGE FEMALE COLLEGE.—The Spring term of this old and well known institution, under the Presidency of Rev. J. R. Mayson, (formerly President of the Atlanta Female Institute) will open on the first Monday in February, 1875. Board, (including fuel and lights) and literary tuition in College classes will be furnished at $110 00 per term of 20 weeks. For further particulars address the President, Lagrange, Ga. A. E. COX, Secretary Board of Trustees. jan8—dsun &wd&w2m

PREMIUM CHEST R WHITE PIGS. $15 each, $28 a pair. Chester County MAMMOTH CORN, and Imported BELGIAN OATS. 4 lbs. by mail, $1; peck $2; ½ bushel $3; bushel $5. Circular and *Sample package* of Seeds *Free* for 2 stamps. Address N. P. BOYER, Parkesburg, Chester county, Pennsylvania. feb24—d8w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CONSUMPTIVES, TAKE NOTICE.—Every moment of delay makes your cure more hopeless, and much depends on the judicious choice of a remedy. The amount of testimony in favor of Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, as a cure for consumption, far exceeds all that can be brought to support the pretensions of any other medicine. See Dr. Schenck's Almanac, containing the certificates of many of the highest respectability, who have been restored to health, after being pronounced incurable by physicians of acknowledged ability. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many, as these evidences will show; but the cure is often promoted by the employment of two other remedies which Dr. Schenck provides for the purpose. These additional remedies are Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. By the timely use of these medicines, according to directions, Dr. Schenck certifies that most any case of Consumption may be cured.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, Corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. feb3—deod1m

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE. HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.—an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. jan15—d&w3m

MISCELLANEOUS.



None Genuine except his Brand is on the [illegible] A. C. LADD, Agent, oct18—1tf No. 9 Broad St., Atlanta.

NOTICE,

OFFICE GEORGIA MANUFACTURING AND PAPER MILL CO. NEWNAN, GA., Feb 19, 1875. *To the Stockholders and Creditors of the above Company:* I have carried the business of this Company three years, under the crushing weight of a $10,000 floating debt, at a discount on all business done, at the ruinous rate of 2 to 2½ per cent. per month, minus any working fund, without increasing the debt, which is evidence of good property, under favorable circumstances. This property will positively be sold by the Sheriff of Carroll county, at Carrollton, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in April next. A great bargain to be had. Cost $75,000. Competition of bidders invited. All parties interested will take due notice. Four hundred acres of well timbered land. A fine stone dam, with head of water, more than sufficient for double the amount of machinery. Outbuildings good. Mill building large, 10,600 square feet of floor. Two good machines, five engines—three large, room for two others. For further information, address or call on the undersigned, at Newnan, Georgia. THOS. A. GRACE, feb21—3w President.

Cannon House Furniture for Sale

I WISH to sell out the entire FURNITURE, BEDDING, &c., in the Cannon House, on Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia. Parties will apply to me there. The house is for rent. Apply to Thrasher & Thrasher, agents for Healy & Berry. mar2—d1w Mrs. M. E. CANNON.

VIRGINIA BUFFALO SPRINGS.

AMONG the most remarkable cures upon record, whether by medicine or mineral water, are some made by these waters in diseases of the KIDNEYS and BLADDER, in DYSPEPSIA, in DISEASES PECULIAR to WOMEN, more especially in Leucorrhea. They have accomplished the most gratifying results in GOUT and RHEUMATISM where dependent upon uric acid in the blood. In CHRONIC GONORRHEA, SECONDARY SYPHILIS, Gleet, and ALL KINDRED diseases, they are regarded by all medical men conversant with their effects as decidedly superior to any remedy in the range of medicine or among the mineral waters of the country.

They are put up for sale in cases containing one dozen Half Gallon Bottles, delivered at the Scottsburg Depot of the Richmond and Air-Line Railroad, at $6 per case. Address THOMAS F. GOODE, Proprietor, Buffalo Lithia Springs, Mecklenburg county, Va. dec21—d1aw6m

THE GRANITE STATE.

The Democratic Banner Still Afloat.

Two Congressmen and a Close Race for the Third.

[*By Telegraph to The Constitution.*]

CONCORD, N. H., March 11.—Returns from all but eight towns have been received at the associate press office here. The footings of these towns are as follows: 259 towns and wards give Cheney, republican, 38,771; Roberts, democrat, 38,688; while temperance and scattering received 678. The same towns last year gave McCutchins, republican, 33,860; Weston, democrat, 35,205; Blackman, temperance and scattering 2,077. Republican net gain 2,827. Cheney's minority 597. The towns yet to be heard from gave last year McCutchins, republican, 281; Weston, democrat, 318; scattering 7. Adding last year's vote in these towns makes the republican gain 2,778 and Cheney's minority 634. The footings from the first congressional district elect Jones, democrat by 472 plurality, Bell, democrat, in second district by 154 plurality, and Blair, republican, in third by 79 plurality, estimating four towns in Coos county not returned to give the same vote as last year.

The republicans have a majority in the house, but the exact figures cannot be given. They claim a majority of from 6 to 12. The footings of the several senatorial districts indicate that they stand 5 republicans; 5 democrats and two districts having no choice. There is no election of governor by the people, and the duty of selection will devolve on the legislature, which will doubtless elect Cheney, the republican candidate. The democrats claim a majority in the council, though the districts have not been figured sufficiently to determine finally. The vote in the state yesterday is said to have been the largest ever polled.

The Results of the Civil Rights Law.

Mr. Gilmar, of Richmond, has introduced a bill in the house of delegates of Virginia, which provides that persons who create disturbance in hotels by boisterous demands for accommodations, after the proprietor of his agent has declined to entertain for want of room, or other reasonable specified causes, shall be punished by fine and imprisonment. In case of theatres, managers are to have the right to issue reserve seat tickets, stamped "not transferable," and when a party not the original purchaser, demands admittance, the door-keeper can refuse him, but the price of the ticket must be refunded, and if he refuses to take the money, and thereby creates a disturbance, he is liable to arrest and fine. In both cases half the fine goes to the hotel keeper or manager, as the case may be.

There are similar provisions regarding steamboats and railroads.

IN LOUISVILLE.

An assemblage of Louisville people had its first experience of the workings of the civil rights law last night at Macauley's Theatre, the dramatic performance at the time consisting of a presentation of Offenbach's "Madame L'Archidue," by the Soldene English Opera Bouffe troupe, for the benefit of the star. The house was full, and of the usual Friday night brilliancy. The fashionables were out in full force, and the culture, the blue blood and the wealth of the city were fairly represented. Even New Albany and Jeffersonville sent numerous delegates. Shortly after the doors were opened, and while the ticket office was surrounded by applicants for admission, three young colored men (all yellow, by the way) pressed through the group and requested two seats in the dress circle. At the moment of making the request they did not tender the money. Mr. Elrod, the affable ticket negotiater, smiled as he perceived that the crisis had arrived, and remarked: "Directly, as soon as I can wait upon these gentlemen," referring to some persons, who were just then entering up their financial tributes at the Soldene shrine. "Do you refuse us?" quickly interrogated one of the colored men in a tone somewhat exultant, immediately suggesting to the cashier that the job was "put up." "Certainly not," was the reply. "Hand him the money," exclaimed one of the colored men, who, standing a short distance apart, seemed to have been brought along in order to witness whatever might occur, as application was made but for two seats. At this, one of them tendered a five dollar bill, which Mr. Elrod instantly changed, giving them in return three dollars and two dress circle tickets. Evidently not expecting a compliance, the negroes were quite thrown off their guard, and hesitated to receive the tickets. It was only at the instance of Mr. Elrod that they took up the money and pasteboards from the counter. The three then walked to the pavement, and held a whispered conversation for a few moments. This over the two plucked up their assurance and walked to the first circle entrance and presented their tickets. The door-keeper accepted the talisman, eloquent with the authority of congressional enactments, the presidential nod, and lacking in nothing but the sanction of the supreme bench to bless them with omnipotence. It proved to be an "open sesame," however, and, the doors swinging open, in a twinkling the colored twain found themselves standing in the glare of the first circle gas lights upon a level with the *creme de la creme* of Louisville's elite. Their momentary embarrassment gave way to the proud consciousness that they were, perhaps, the first of all Kentucky's colored population to transcend the bounds that the customs and traditions of the commonwealth had prescribed for their range. Those who frequent the hall will remember the seats Nos. 752 and 753 are just to the right of the entrance, and are separated from all the rest. These happening to be unoccupied, into them they quietly dropped. It soon spread through the auditorum that two negroes were in the first circle. Instantly the lorgnette was raised and the entire assemblage swept. As soon as they could be distinguished every eye was concentrated upon them, and had a burning glass intervened it is probable that they would have been cremated on the spot. However, they behaved themselves, putting on no airs of effrontery, and the attractions of the stage soon claimed the attention of the audience. Every now and then an opera-glass could be observed photographing the couple, and it was evident that comment was general during the entire evening. They were, it may be remarked in passing, quite well dressed, and were of a very light yellow complexion. In the midst of the second act, when the fun on the boards was proceeding at a lively rate, both suddenly rose and left the theater. They did not return. From this it is evident that entertainment was not their object, the interference being materially strengthened by the scene at the boxoffice. So much for McCauley's. Around at Public Library hall some colored persons also tried to gain admittance upon the first floor of the house, but were refused.

The French Crisis.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution]

PARIS, March 11.—The Courier de France reports that M. Dufaure has drawn up a programme of policy for the new ministry, the leading features of which are: "The assembly on meeting after Easter holidays to vote the budget, the senatorial elections to be held next September, the dissolution of the assembly to follow in October, the government to demand the maintenance of the present electoral system and to raise the state of siege in all the departments except Seine, the Rhone and the Bouches-du-Rhone.'

The Senate.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, March 11.—In the senate Clayton, of Arkansas, asked for a decision on the point of order raised against a resolution by him a few days ago, providing for the appointment of a committee to visit the Indian territory during the recess to inquire into the condition of affairs there, &c., and a lengthy discussion encued.

A Girl's Chances in Nevada.

[Virginia (Nev.) Enterprise.]

We have before us a very pretty letter from a lady in the Green Mountain state asking us to inform her what her chances would be in Virginia City to get a situation as a teacher, or, if possible, what encouragement an accomplished housekeeper would probably receive in this city; one who could come bringing the highest recommendations as a scholar and a lady. As we are frequently in receipt of such letters, we have concluded to answer this one through the Enterprise:

MISS B.: Your note is under reply. We need not waste space in extolling the good taste of your letter. The fact of your writing to the Enterprise is sufficient evidence of a most sound discretion. Teachers here command from $100 to $200 per month in gold coin. Board costs about $35 per month, and lodging from $15 to $76, according to the caprice of the lodger. Female domestics command from $35 to $40 per month, with board included, of course. Whether you could obtain a situation as teacher or not we cannot say. It would depend on many things. In the first place our present teachers are probably the best teachers in the world. If you were to come you would have to wait for a vacancy; and then if you are not fine looking you could not pass the examination of our superintendent (who is a single man); and if you are very beautiful, the apprehension would be that you would get married before you learned the names of your pupils. We do not think a private school would succeed, except behind it was the capital to build fine structures and furnish them with the apparatus of the modern school room. About getting employment in private families there is but one difficulty. The confidence of our families has been so often abused that they are demoralized and have settled down to believe there is nothing reliable but a Chinaman, and he cannot be depended upon about the time of the Chinese New Year. The difficulty lies in the fact that there are more of those brutes here called men than there are of those angels called women, and the men have a way of coaxing which generally, in about four weeks, transforms an eastern girl—who came here with the best of intentions to work faithfully, lay up a great deal of money and go back and support her mother—into a wife, with her time divided between presiding over her own home and hunting around town for Chinamen to do her housework. If this last suggestion is of any interest to you, you may depend upon the miners living here and may know in advance that any one of them has more reverence for and appreciation of a worthy woman than a thousand of the youths of Vermont, who, being brought up among so many women, never realize that they are really angels in disguise.

When the Roses Climb.

[Detroit Free Press.]

"I understand, Mrs. Haven," commenced His Honor, as a tall, thin female came out, "that you were drunk again last night, notwithstanding what you told me a week ago."

"I took a sip to keep the chills away, your Honor," she squeaked.

"And you fell down the stairs, and had a fight with your husband, and were brought up here on a sled," he continued.

"Poor me! poor me!" she wailed wiping her eyes on the corner of her apron.

"Yes, the time has now arrived when you may well raise your voice in lamentation," he continued, "I've let you off on suspended sentence several times, and you have not heeded my repeated warnings. Your hour has come. Your little old shanty will not echo the sound of your melodious voice for many days to come, and your husband can retire with his boots on and lie cornerways of the bed. You will not be there to hear the March winds sighing around the gables, and the spring break-up will come and you wont be here to wade through the mud on Woodward avenue. I'll make the sentence three months. When the roses begin to clamber up the trellis and nod their sweet buds at each other, and the boys are playing mumble-the-peg in the parks, and the mild tempered blue bird sings on the gate-posts, then, Mrs. Haven, you will recover your liberty and come back to us an older, and I hope, a better woman."

She wiped her eyes again, rolled them up until they looked like hard-boiled eggs, and as Bijah led her way she called out:

"Send somebody down after my other corset and black shawl!"

Profitable Boys.

[Waverly (Ia.) Republican.]

W. W. Bailey of this place has fallen heir to $2,000,000 by the death of his uncle, Joshua Bailey, of Cohoes Falls, N. Y. He had but one child, a son, at whose majority the old gentleman gave $30,000. A few weeks afterward the young man died, leaving him childless. He adopted an orphan girl, and at her marriage gave her $40,000 and a check for $5,000 to take a trip to Europe. He had one brother who had three sons, of whom W. W. Bailey is one—and to these nephews he said he would will his property, and to the one raising the largest number of boys, two-thirds of it, in order that the name might be preserved. It was W. W. Bailey's good fortune to have five boys; in consequence he receives, according to the will, two thirds of the estate, the whole of which is valued at $3,000,000. W. W. Bailey has been a resident of Waverly for ten years. He has followed painting for a living or doing any job that he could find. He has a little home near the depot, which is about all the property he owns. His large family of boys has kept him busy to feed, clothe, and educate them, but he has worked faithfully and earnestly to do so.

McMahon's Weakness.

[*By Telegraph to The Constitution.*]

LONDON, March 10.—The Times Paris special says: McMahon, by yielding to intrigues of the Bonapartists, and refusing to make D'Audifret Pasquier minister of the interior, has dealt a deadly blow at the personal respect which all parties previously entertained for the head of the state. McMahon yesterday wrote a letter insisting upon Buffet. Duke D'Audifret Pasquier will probably be elected president of the assembly.

The Louisiana Adjustment.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, March 11.—The congressional committee to arbitrate on the Louisiana affair, met to-day at the office of Hon. Wm. Walter Phelps, No. 20 exchange place. In consequence of non arrival of the election returns and other documents relative to the issue, and also the absence of Mr. Frye and Mr. Hoar, the chairman of the committee, adjourned.

Circumscribing the Pope's Independence.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

LONDON, March 11.—A Berlin correspondent telegraphs that Germany has asked Italy whether she will continue to exempt the Pope from the obligations of law, and complains that he is now abusing the liberty given him for the purpose of fomenting rebellion in Germany.

Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

HAVANA, March 11.—The Count Valmaseda, newly appointed captain general of Cuba, arrived here to-day. He landed at noon, and was received with the usual ceremonies. The reinforcement of 1,000 soldiers also arrived to-day from Spain.

A False Rumor.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

BERLIN, March 11.—There is no foundation for the report in the Tageblatt that France intended to concentrate troops in the eastern department experimentally, and that Germany threatened to mobilize two army corps on the Rhine if she persisted.

Arkansas.

The chief of the carpetbag conspirators for the third term thus—in the shape of a special dispatch to his Little Rock organ, the Republican—writes his own epitaph:

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The action of congress upon the Arkansas affairs is conclusive. The validity of the new constitution and the goverment established thereunder ought no longer to be questioned. It is the duty of the republicans to accept the verdict, and render the same acquiescence which we would have demanded had the case been reversed. As I am in receipt of numerous communications regarding Arkansas affairs, please publish this for the information of all who desire my views upon the subject. I will return home soon after the adjournment of the Senate. POWELL CLAYTON.

Clayton records his own utter rout with characteristic candor. He is a bold, bad man, but no sneak. He accepts a defeat as a defeat, and does not seek to break its force by mouthing explanations. Whether at the head of a brigade on the battlefield, the leader of a conspiracy to destroy popular rights in pursuit of official plunder, or sitting behind a pair of deuces and betting his last dollar at the poker table, Powell Clayton never failed to show nerve and decision. It is unfortunate both for himself and for Arkansas that the talents which have made Clayton the central figure in southern radical politics were not devoted to good instead of evil works. It was in his power to make Arkansas bloom like a garden of roses. He sought to make it a desert. But the people were stronger than he; right at last triumphed over wrong, and Clayton and his gang sink to the bottom never to rise again.

An Advance Agent.

Detroit Free Press.

A boy about twelve years old knocked at the door of a house on Second street yesterday, and when the lady appeared he said: "There'll be a boy around here pretty soon to clean your walk, but don't give him the job. His name's Jim: he's cross-eyed, and blows up cats with powder-snaps. I'll be here with my partner pretty soon. We go to Sunday-school, never sass our mothers, and we are going to give half the money to the grasshopper sufferers." The job was saved for him.

Alabama Claims.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Gen. Sherman yesterday received the appointment as assistant counsel for the United States before the court of commissioners of Alabama claims, and will at once proceed to New Orleans to take charge of the business in that part of the country.

Roasted to Death.

[By telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, March, 11.—The details of the match factory at Didaholm, Sweden, shows that sixty women and children were working at the time, of whom forty-three (mostly woman), were literally roasted to death.

Liabilities.

[By telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, March 11.—The liabilities of Wheatly, Williams & Co., sugar refiners, $677,000; assets estimated from $250,000 to $566,000; outstanding notes make a total of $623,000.

Resignation Received.

[*By Telegraph to the Constitution.*]

VIENNA, March 11.—Francis Joseph received and accepted the resignation of Baron Schwarz Senbern, Austro-Hungarian minister.

The Prince of Wales' Paramour Found Guilty.

[*By Telegraph to the Constitution*]

LONDON, March 11.—The jury have found Lady Mordaunt guilty of adultery.

A WASHINGTON correspondent of the New York Sun pokes fun at the last public reception at the White House, which, according to all accounts, was the most pitiful ever held under the presidential roof. The close of the session, the night sittings of congress, the presence of Strakosch and his opera, and drizzling rain, were given as reasons for such a poor show at his reception. If there was any liveliness perceptible at all it was only among the fair members of the president's family. Mrs. Grant, her daughter, her daughter-in-law, and her sister, Mrs. Sharp, could be seen passing to each other in whispers little comments on the appearance of some of the ladies and gentlemen introduced to them, and evidently exerting their best efforts not to burst into fits of laughter. And no wonder they had some difficulty in doing this for heaven alone knows what faces, dresses and manners they had to contemplate. Men in fancy business suits, some of them with their muddy galoches on; woman in home-made alpaca dresses, and with innumerable varieties of flowers and fruits on their heads, and women in walking dresses with bonnets on, as if they were out shopping. Of the two young ladies of the president's family the daughter-in-law outshines altogether the daughter, though both seem to be equally bright and charming young ladies. Mrs. Fred. Grant is a pleasant little brunette, and would be a very pretty one were it not for a rather large mouth. She seems also to have considerable taste in dress, and her pink costume, sharply contrasting with her jet black hair, attracted everybody's attention.

—Judge (to intelligent juryman)—"Would you convict a man on circumstantial evidence?" "I dunno wot dat is, jedge." "Well, what do you think it is?" "Well, corin' to my jedgment, sarcumstanshil is 'bout dis: Ef one man shoots annuder an' kills him, he orter be hung for it. Ef he don't kill him, he orter go to the plenipotentiary."

COLUMBUS.—John Brady, a policeman of this city, accidentally shot himself just above the ankle joint, Friday night. The ball ranged the entire length of his foot.—Walter Cash, a youth of fifteen years of age, accidentally shot himself in the hand, while hunting on Saturday.—*Times.*

—Ann Eliza's success in her suit against Brigham has created something of a stir among the other Mormon wives. Many of them begin to think how nice it would be to have $3,000, and no Brigham bothering about.

HAYWARD'S MANUAL

— OF —

The Science of Agriculture Completed

EVERY FARMER SHOULD HAVE IT.

T. J. WATT, Esq., of Columbus, Ga., says * * * "As to the BOOK I would not take four times the price paid for it. I have no doubt it will prove a blessing to the people of Georgia." Colonel B. J. LOCKETT, of Southwestern Ga., says * * * "I purchased HAYWARD'S MANUAL; and used Compound by his formula. I was better pleased with the result of it than any I ever used before." This Book can be had of the undersigned, postage prepaid, for $5 per copy. Money may be remitted by P. O. order. S. B. ROBSON, mar11—deod1m Atlanta, Ga

Milton County Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in Alpharetta, Milton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

One lot of land, No. 18, third section in the town of Alpharetta, Milton county, Georgia, containing 30 feet front and 90 feet rear, all lying and being in the incorporation of the town of Alpharetta. Levied on as the property of Jackson Gregory, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Floyd Superior Court in favor of Simmons & Winn vs. Jackson Gregory. Property pointed out by a plaintiff. This March 4, 1875. WILLIAM BUICE, mar10—wtd Sheriff.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

Milton County Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold, on the first Tuesday in April next, before the court house door, in Alpharetta, Milton county, Georgia, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Lots of land numbers 107, 108, 109, 110, 139, 249, 252, 253, 254, 255, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 333, 334 and 335, and fractions numbers 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33, all lying and being in the first district and first section of originally Cherokee, now Milton county, containing 1,866 acres, more or less. All levied on as the property of Jackson Graham, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the Georgia National Bank vs. Jackson Graham, maker, and Clark Howell, security. March 2, 1875. WM. BUICE, mar7—wtd Sheriff.

GEORGIA—Fayette county.

Ordinary's Office, February 1, 1875.

WHEREAS, E W Leach, administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo, represents that he has fully discharged his said trust and prays for letters of dismission:

All persons concerned will file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in May next, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

Witness my hand and official signature. L. B. GRIGGS, feb2—w1am3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, January 5, 1875.

WHEREAS, T. J. and Phillip House, executors on the estate of Samuel House, deceased, apply to me for letters of dismission from said trust:

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all persons interested, to be and appear at my office, within the time prescribed by law, then and there to show cause, if any why letters should notbe granted.

Given under my hand and official signature. JOHN B. STEWARD, jan7—w1aw3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

I HEREBY consent that my wife, Molonice C. Pendley, may become from and after this date, a public or free trader, become liable as a feme sole for all her contracts and may enforce the same in her own name, and that her acquisitions may become her own separate estate. S. A. PENDLEY. Lithonia, Feb. 15, 1875. feb17—w3t

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, December 3, 1874.

WHEREAS, John W. Scruggs, administrator of James M. McCalpin, deceased, applies to me for letters of dismission from said trust:

These are, therefore, to notify and admonish all persons concerned or interested, to be and appear at my office within the time prescribed by law, then and there to show cause, if any, why said letters should not be granted. JOHN B. STEWARD, dec5—w1am3m Ordinary.

NOTICE.

John L. Williams, who sues in his own behalf, and in behalf of Benjamin A. Brown, in right of and for the use of his wife Cynthia Brown, formerly Cynthia Williams, and in behalf of said Cynthia Brown, and in behalf of Rebecca A. Walker, (formerly Rebecca Williams) and her five minor children, Harriet E. Walker, Nancy Ann Walker, Mary A. Woods, Robert C. Wood and Silas Wood vs. Charles T. Guinn, Nancy Guinn, Jesse P. Guinn, Alexander B. Hanna, and C. C. Guinn and Alexander B. Hanna, executors of John Guinn, deceased. Bill for Discovery and Relief.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the sheriff, that the defendants, Chas. T. Guinn, Nancy Guinn, Jesse P. Guinn and Alexander B. Hanna, are not to be found in this county, and it further appearing to the Court that said defendants reside out of this state, it is, on motion of counsel, ordered that said defendants appear and answer, plea or demur at the next Term of this Court, else that the case be considered in default, and that this Bill be taken *pro confesso* as to defendants, Charles T. Guinn, Nancy Guinn, Jesse P. Guinn and Alexander B. Hanna, and that the plaintiffs be allowed to proceed, and it is further ordered that this rule be published in THE ATLANTA WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, a newspaper published in the city of Atlanta, once a month for four months previous to the next Term of said Court. October 2, 1874. C. D. McCUTCHEN, J. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Dade Superior Court. This November 26, 1874. J. C. PACE, dec4—w1am4m Clerk.

NOTICE.

Dade Superior Court, September Term, 1874—W. W. Edmondson vs. India T. Edmondson. Libel for divorce—rule to perfect service.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the sheriff that the defendant does not reside in this county, and it further appearing that she does not reside in this state, it is, on motion of counsel, ordered that said defendant appear and answer at the next Term of the Court, else that the case be considered in default, and the plaintiff allowed to proceed, and it is further ordered that this rule be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a newspaper published in the county of Fulton, state of Georgia, once a month for four months. C. D. McCUTCHEN, J. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Dade Superior Court. This Nov. 26th, 1874. J. G. PACE, Dec. 4—w1am4m. Clerk.

Dade Superior Court, September Term, 1874.—Charles W. Easley and Harriet J. Easley, minors, by their next friends, E. J. Prothro and S. M. Prothro vs. W. D. Fulton, A. B. Hanna and John Stewart.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff that the defendants W. D. Fulton and A. B. Hanna do not reside in this county, and it further appearing that they do not reside in this state, it is, on motion of counsel ordered that said defendants appear and answer, plead or demur, at the next Term of this Court, else that the case be considered in default, and that this Bill be taken *pro confesso* as to said defendants, W. D. Fulton and A. B. Hanna, and the plaintiffs be allowed to proceed; and it is further ordered that this Rule be published in THE ATLANTA WEEKLY CONSTITUTION once a month for four months previous to the next Term of this Court. Sept 29, 1874. C. D. McCUTCHEN, J. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Dade Superior Court. This November 26, 1874. J. C. PACE, dec4—d1am4m Clerk.

Douglas County Deputy Sheriff's Sales.

GEORGIA, Douglas County.

WILL be sold, before the Court House door, in the town of Douglasville, Douglass county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in April next, between the legal hours of sale, the following property:

One lot of land, No 12, in the third District and fifth Section of said county. Levied on as the property of B. F. Fowler, to satisfy a tax fi fa. Levy made and returned to me by Riley Shirley, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot of land, No. 47, in the second District and fifth Section of said county. Levied on as the property of O. Reece, to satisfy a tax fi fa. Levy made and returned to me by Riley Shirley, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot of land, No. 884, in the 18th District and second Section of said county. Levied on as the property of John M. Edge, agent for Russell & Brumby, to satisfy a tax fi fa, for their tax for 1874. Levy made and returned to me by S. L. Anderson, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot of land, Nos. 882, 883 and 908, in the 18th District and second Section of said county. Levied on as the property of John M. Edge, agent for A. V. Brumby, to satisfy a tax fi fa. Levy made and returned to me by S. L. Anderson, L. C.

This February 16th, 1875. J. C. JAMES, Deputy Sheriff.

GEORGIA, Fayette county.

Ordinary's Office, March 1, 1875.

EMMA JACKSON (wife of Marion Jackson, he refusing) has applied for exemption personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 13th day of March, 1875, at my office. L. B. GRIGGS, mar4—w2t Ordinary.

Guardian's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fayette county, Georgia, will be sold at the court house door, in the city of Griffin, Spalding county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: One-third undivided interest in the mill known as Couch's Mill, in Spalding county, situate on parts of lots No. 13 and 14, in Union district of originally Henry, now Spalding county, containing thirty acres, more or less, with Water Privileges. Sold as the property of Susan A., Martha L., James R. and Jennie D. Couch, minor children of Wm. B. Couch, for the purpose of reinvestment. Terms cash. This March 1, 1875. WM. B. COUCH, mar5—wtd Guardian, &c.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Administrator's Sale.

GEORGIA, Thomas county.

AGREEABLE to an order from the Honorable Court of Ordinary of said county, will be sold before the Court House door in Greenesboro, in the county of Green, on the first Tuesday in April next, the following property, to-wit: One-half interest in what is known as the

Oconee Cotton Mills,

in said county of Greene, belonging to the estate of Jacob Rokenbaugh, late of Thomas county, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs. The property herein offered for sale consists of about 300 acres of land, more or less, on the Oconee river, embracing a shoal in said river, and constituting one of the

Best Water Power

localities in the State, with a

Factory Brick Building

of five stories, over one hundred feet long, and filled with machinery for manufacturing cotton. There are about thirty buildings on the place for operatives. This is one of the best opportunities ever offered in the State for profitable investment in a large water power manufactory.

Terms on day of sale. M. C. SMITH, feb28—deod Administrator.

Chief Marshal's Notice

— OF —

Cemetery Lots Not Paid For.

ATLANTA, GA., MARCH 8, 1875.

FI. FAS. have been made off and placed in my hands against all those who have purchased lots in the City Cemetery and, up to this time, have failed to pay for the same. It would be an unpleasant duty to advertise these lots for sale, but I will be compelled to do so unless parties come to my office, on or before the first day of April next, and settle the amount due. W. R. HOLCOMBE, mar3—d3t Marshal.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the city of Atlanta, are hereby notified that the Auditor's box will be closed at 12 o'clock m., on Thursday before the first and third Mondays, and that no account will be received after the box has been closed.

Also, that no account will be audited unless approved by the Chairman of the proper committee. C. C. HAMMOCK, Mayor. R. F. MADDOX, Chairman Finance Committee. J. T. PENDLETON, feb7—dtf Auditor.

U S. Marshal's Sale

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, in the following case, to-wit: THOMAS B. NEAL VERSUS M. B. D'VAUGHAN. I have levied upon, as the property of M. B. D'Vaughan all that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the town of Jonesboro, county of Clayton and state of Georgia, containing three and three-quarter (3¾) acres, more or less, situated opposite and west of the freight depot of former Macon and Western Railroad Company, and having on it a large two story brick building. Said lot fronts one hundred and eight (108) feet, more or less, on a street which runs along on the west side of the right of way of said company. The east and west line on the south side runs one thousand feet (1,000) feet, more of less, from the street on which said lot fronts, to the dividing line between George Mandeld and M. B. D'Vaughan, along the street which runs from the railroad to the steam mill, the north and south boundary lines on the west side runs parallel with said M. B. De-Vaughn for a distance of two hundred and ten (210) feet, more or less, to the property of Jack Johnson; northern boundary line runs from the front westwardly one hundred and twenty (120) feet, more or less, along the dividing line between M. B. D'Vaughn, and McConnell and Elliott property —— feet, more or less, to the property of the estate of J. P. Johnson and parallel with the western boundary line, thence westwardly to and at right angles with said western boundary line, said property being known as D'Vaughn's store property. Said property being pointed out by defendant, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN APRIL next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, March 8, 1875. WILLIAM H. SMYTH, mar9-d1aw5w United States Marshal.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiffs in the following case, to-wit: HOWARD COLE & CO. vs. A. A. STEWART & Co. I have levied upon, as the property of defendants, one store house and lot in the town of Conyers, County of Rockdale, and State of Georgia, containing one-sixteenth of an acre, more or less, bounded on the west by Commercial street, on the south by cross street, from Commercial street to Decatur street, on the east by S. Wooley's lot, on the north by Robert Daniel, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN APRIL next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, March 5, 1875.

Property pointed out by attorney for transferee. WILLIAM H. SMYTH, ma9-d1aw5w United States Marshal.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff in the following case, to-wit: H. K. THURBER & CO. VS JAMES F. DEVER & CO. I have levied upon, as the property of James F. Dever, land lots No. 994, 995, 996, 931, 930, 929, 928, 922, 923, 991, 855, 856, 847, and 846, each lot containing forty acres. Also all that part of land lot 854, lying southwest of the public road from Rockmart to Cedartown, being about ten acres, more or less. Also that part of land lot No. 924, which lies in the fork of the east and west prongs of Euharlee creek, and that lies west of the west prong and south of the old road from Van Wert to Cedartown. All of said property being in the Twenty-first District and third section of originally Paulding, now Polk county, Georgia, and will sell same at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN APRIL next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, March 8, 1875. WILLIAM H. SMYTH, mar9-d1aw5w United States Marshal.

Cotton Factory for Sale.

ON TUESDAY, the 20th of April next, at 12 o'clock, noon, we will sell at public outcry, without reservation, in front of Ellis & Harrison's auction house, in the city of Columbus, Georgia,

The Factory Building and Machinery,

with the lot on which they stand, known as

THE "STEAM COTTON MILLS,"

situated in the city of Columbus, Georgia, on lot No. —, containing about — acre. The location is near the centre of business, the North and South Railroad running in front of it.

The buildings consists of one brick building for office and packing room, and one two-story brick building in which the machinery is placed.

The machinery has all been purchased since the war, and is in good order and repair, and is now running successfully. It consists of one (1) Steam Engine and Boiler (49-horse) in complete order; twenty-two (22) "Saco Water Power Co." Self-Striping Cards; one thousand and nine hundred (1,900) "Whiten" Spindles, and all necessary accompaniments to make all size Yarns, from No. 5s to No. 20s.

The Factory is now producing 1,100 pounds of yarns (8s and 10s) daily, and has a good demand for its productions.

Terms—One-third cash; one-third twelve months; one-third eighteen months.

A complete list of machinery and makers will be given on application for same. JOHN PEABODY, W. L. SALISBURY, Assignees of John King, Bankrupt. mar3—d1w&sun1d

NOTICE.

Wootten & Taylor vs. Alexander & Broomhood, Thomas B. Archer, and Mrs. Eliza Archer.

IT appearing by the return of the Sheriff that Thomas B. Archer, one of the defendants, is not to be found in the county of Fulton, and it further appearing that said Thomas B. Archer is a non-resident of the State of Georgia, it is ordered by the Court that service be perfected on said Thomas B. Archer by publication of this order in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, once a month for four months, in terms of the statute in such cases made and provided. R. H. CLARKE, A. B. CULBERSON, Complainants' Attorneys.

A true extract taken from the minutes of said Court. JAS. D. COLLINS, dec23—d1am4m Clerk.

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
CITY, COUNTY AND STATE.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENT:
T. M. ACTON.

ATLANTA.

Friday Morning, March 12, 1875.

THE resignation of Senator Booth makes Romualdo Pacheco governor of California.

WHEN a man asked Gen. Longstreet what he thought of the situation, the general replied: "Well, I know that sugar-cured hams go good with fresh-laid eggs."

MATT CARPENTER would not be appointed attorney-general. His views on legal questions too widely differ from those of that great constitutional lawyer, U. S. Grant.

THEY say Senator Spencer is to be chairman of the committee on commerce. His knowledge of commerce was acquired when, a sutler of a Nebraska regiment, he sold peanuts and ginger cakes from the tailboard of his sutler c rt.—*Mobile Register.*

THE Methodist churches, north and south, have appointed a commission of nine from each body, with power to submit terms of union to a general convention. The convention will meet in Abingdon, Virginia, on the first Monday of May, 1875.

THE finest looking man among the new senators, is Senator Whyte, ex-governor of Maryland. Mr. Jones, of Florida, is a young, good-natured looking blonde, a smooth-faced boy in appearance. No one looking at him would think him over twenty-five.

THE original copy of the Declaration of Independence, which has been in the patent office at Washington for years, has faded so that the signatures are scarcely visible, and a skilled penman is to go over the document with the aid of a strong microscope and retrace all the signatures so as to make them distinct and legible.

PINCHBACK says that he is greatly encouraged and thinks now that his prospects of admission to the senate are much better than it was any time last session. When asked on what he based his hope, he said that when the democrats look over to Senator Bruce's seat and see "a sure enough nigger" there, they will have less objections to admitting him.

IT turns out that the president did, after all, veto the bounty bill, but that his message did not reach the house until a minute too late. The grounds on which the bill was disapproved were two-fold. First, the president thought that the present condition of the treasury did not warrant such extravagance; and, second, he believed that its passage would prove of more benefit to the claim agents than to the soldier.

MRS. JAMES K. POLK has presented the Tennessee Historical Society with a pen made from an eagle's quill dropped by an eagle in Virginia and presented to President Polk in 1845. Mr. Polk signed his first message to congress with the pen made from this quill, the joint resolution of congress for the admission of the state of Texas, the law to extend the lands of the United States over the state of Texas, the act "reducing the duty on imports, and for other purposes." and the treaty of peace with Mexico, July 4th, 1848.

DIPPING into the future somewhat further than the almanac will point the way, the Springfield Republican makes this interesting discovery: As the 4th of March, 1877, will come on Sunday, the next president cannot be inaugurated until Monday, but President Grant's and Vice-President Wilson's terms will expire on Sunday, and so the president, *pro tem.*, of the senate, Mr. Ferry of Michigan, will become president of the United States during the interim, holding the office 54 hours.

DeKoven and Jaggar.

The wires daily make the names of these eminent divines very familiar; and it will probably be a long time before we hear the last of the controversies that are involved in the confirmation of these gentlemen as bishops of the Episcopal church. Dr. DeKoven was elected bishop of Illinois, and Dr. Jaggar of Southern Ohio. Each needs the ratifying votes of a majority of the dioceses throughout the country—forty-five in number—and at this point all resemblance ceases. For DeKoven is so much of a high-churchman that Dr. Blair calls him "the chief of the mischief-making mediævalists," and Dr. Jaggar is so much of a low-churchman that he sympathized with Mr. Cheney and assured him of his undiminished affection and respect, although he had been tried and punished for refusing to use the word "regenerate" in the baptismal office of the prayer-book.

With the standing committees and bishops of the dioceses, the confirmation of these antipodal bishops-elect seems to involve a question of doctrine in the one case, and of discipline in the other. Dr. DeKoven declared in the convention of 1871 that he "adored, and would if it were necessary, or his duty, teach his people to adore Christ present in the elements under the form of bread and wine." It is understood that he has since expressed modified views on the question of eucharistic adoration; but it seems that such modifications do not go far enough to prevent his present views on this question of real presence from being the stumbling block in the way of his confirmation. No churchman denies his learning, ability or irreproachable private character, the difficulty in his case being purely doctrinal.

Dr. Jaggar would undoubtedly have been confirmed without a dissenting vote if his name had gone to the dioceses without being antagonized by that of his high-church colleague. It is true he is a pronounced and unyielding low-churchman, but the only objection urged to his confirmation consists, we believe, in that now famous letter of friendship addressed to Mr. Cheney, who has since become a bishop in the church that Bishop Cummings started. But as he, two years later, protested against the Cummings-Cheney movement, it is held by many that the letter should be forgiven, especially as the diocese of southern Ohio makes no protest, and no other act in his clerical career has been urged in opposition to his confirmation.

It now looks as if DeKoven would be rejected and Jaggar accepted, although only twenty-two of the forty-five dioceses have been heard from. Of the southern dioceses, Kentucky, Virginia, Louisiana, Texas, Mississippi, and we believe Georgia, are opposed to Dr. DeKoven. Alabama alone, thus far, supports him. His friends in Chicago now deem his defeat probable, while the friends of Dr. Jaggar are encouraged by the latest returns.

The Senate Committees.

In view of the increased democratic strength in the senate the action of the majority in revising the standing committees, was not very liberal. Three chairmen were accorded the democrats—private land claims, revolutionary claims, and on engrossed bills. Messrs. Thurman, Stevenson and Bayard are respectively at the head of these committees. This, perhaps, is fair enough as parties are managed, but beyond this the republicans were very illiberal. Some of the most important committees contain only two democrats, although the latter fill nearly half the seats in the chamber. The important committee on railroads includes eight republicans and only three democrats. Mr. West, of, or rather from Louisiana, is chairman of this committee, a majority of which is believed to be in favor of the Texas Pacific road, which will come up next winter. An earnest effort was made by the interests hostile to the new southern line to pack a committee in their favor, but the effort was not successful. The democrats filled vacancies allotted them by the majority as follows: Privileges and elections—Saulsbury and Merrimon. Foreign relations—Andrew Johnson, McCreery, and Bogy. Finance—Bayard and Kernan. Appropriations—Davis, Eaton, and Wallace. Commerce—Gordon, Dennis, and McDonald. Military affairs—Ransom, Randolph, and Cockerill. Naval affairs—Norwood and Whyte. Judiciary—Thurman and Stevenson. Post-offices and post-roads—Andrew Johnson, Saulsbury and Maxey. Public lands—Kelley, McDonald and Jones. Indian affairs—Bogy and McCreery. Claim—Caperton and Cockerill. District of Columbia—Eaton and Merrimon. Patents—Johnston, of Virginia, and Kernan. Territories—Cooper and Maxey. Railroads—Ransom, Kelley and Caperton.

The committee on transportation routes to the seaboard, consists of Windom, (rep., Minn.,) Sherman, (rep., O.,) Conkling, (rep., N. Y.,) West, (rep., La.,) Mitchell, (rep., Oregon,) Conover, (rep., Fla.,) Norwood, (dem., Ga.,) Davis, (dem., W. Va.,) and Johnston, (dem., Va.) A majority of this committee is favorable to a liberal policy of internal improvements.

Mr. Chandler was the chairman of the committee on commerce, of which Gen. Gordon is a member, and Mr. Spencer stood next to the retiring chairman, but the little sutler was awarded the chairmanship of the district committee, thus permitting Senator Conkling to come to the front as chairman of this important committee. Mr. Cregan, of New Hampshire, is chairman of naval affairs, on which Mr. Norwood is to serve.

New Hampshire.

Honors are easy in this state. "The sweeping republican victory" proves to be a hoax of the first magnitude. In a state that, from 1854 to 1872, never failed to elect republican legislatures, congressmen and governors, and that elected only one democratic congressman in 1873—in that state the democracy have elected two congressmen, and possibly the third. Instead of being a sweeping republican victory, it is a sweeping democratic victory so far as congressmen are concerned.

Nor do we see anything discouraging in the vote for state officers. Judge Roberts, the democratic candidate for governor, was a peace democrat. He was charged with disloyalty all through the canvass, in the course of which there was no limit to personal abuse. Cords of Conkling's and Morton's violent speeches were distributed through the state, and no effort was neglected to frighten or coax conservative republicans back into the party ranks. It was a desperate campaign on the republican side, and was desperately conducted. What was the result? The democratic vote was increased from 35,608 last year, to nearly, if not quite, 39,000 this year. The prohibition vote of last year was 2,097, nearly all of which was cast for Mr. Cheney, and yet he leads Judge Roberts less than a hundred votes. There is nothing very sweeping in that.

Owing to the manner in which the legislative districts are divided, more than to the popular vote, the republicans will probably control the legislature. If they should, it of course involves the election of Mr. Cheney, who swept the state so poorly that he fell several hundred short of reaching the gubernatorial office by the votes of the people.

The contest decides nothing, except that the power and patronage of the administration can only be beaten through a united and laborious effort. No word, nor act should be permitted to militate against such a result; and if we cannot be in the midst of the hardest part of the fight, we must sustain in every possible way those who are.

GOV. GARLAND, of Arkansas, has issued a proclamation appointing Thursday, March 26, as a day of thanksgiving for political deliverance from the hands of the vandals, or as he expresses it, "for the many blessings showered upon the state during the past twelve months." In connection with the action of congress on the Poland report, Gov. Garland says:

We have been sustained by the true conservative republican sentiment in the north, which is one of the most gratifying features connected with our struggle and one of which we should feel proud, and we should strive by all means to prove ourselves worthy of this endorsement so emphatically given by those supposed to differ with us, politically, and who were begged and importuned under all circumstances to put us down. With all we have undergone, if our cause has been the occasion of harmonizing and uniting the liberal and conservative elements in the nation that have heretofore been discordant, we are more than paid, and it should be one of our chief duties to see that they be kept together hereafter. As governor of the state, I enjoin upon all persons now to see that peace and order are preserved, all violations of law promptly looked after, and those engaged in them be arrested and brought to answer before the law. The preventing or prompt punishing of individual infractions of law is the surest remedy against mobs and general outbreaks that sometimes occur and almost defy the entire power of the government. As we have been peaceful and law-abiding, and thereby won respect everywhere, let us continue to enforce the laws so that each and every citizen may feel he owns a direct interest in the government, while that government not only can, but is willing and able to protect him. Stir up no strife, review no past political differences or animosities, prosecute no one one that may have differed or that may hereafter differ with us. Let us at all times exercise charity to all and malice to none. Should there be any indictments in the courts for past political offences, I would suggest and advise their dismissal. Let people of all parties, races and colors come and be welcomed to our state, and encouraged to aid us in bringing her up to a position of true greatness.

THE constant increase of bills in congress demands some remedy. In the fortieth congress, 2,499 bills and resolutions were introduced; in the forty-first, 3,643; in the forty-second, 4,275, and in the last congress, no less than 5,030 were presented. Of the latter number, only about 600 were passed, and of these 225 were passed during the first session. The greater part of the bills introduced are private claims, and it is urged that some different and less expensive mode of disposing of such cases should be devised. As 1,700 copies of every bill are printed without any special order, some idea of the expense which these claims cause may be readily formed.

MR. EDMUNDS is emphatically opposed to the admission of Pinchback, and it is said that the two Morrills and Messrs. Cameron, Christiancy, Alcorn, Ferry, Wadleigh, Allison, Jones, of Nevada, Ingalls and Wright, are the same way. This force of republicans added to the twenty-eight democrats would reject Pinchback, and if he is rejected the way is open for the election of a democrat by the legislature of Louisiana as soon as it is convened under the terms of the Wheeler adjustment.

THE papers of New York are discussing the bill to allow Mrs. Tilton to testify in the Brooklyn trial. The legislature is in session, and the bill can be quickly passed if public sentiment demands it. All seem to admit that Mrs. Tilton should be placed on an equal footing with her husband in a case that directly involves her honor and the happiness of her children; but many are apprehensive that the bill would lead to a general statute, which would be greatly abused.

THE TALE OF A POST-OFFICE.

Sad Disagreement among Brethren

Shall Macon Have a Post-Office or Not?

Senator Gordon in New Hampshire.

Highly Pleased with the People.

[Special to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, March 11.

The Macon post-office still commands the attention of the faithful. It is extremely doubtful if Glover's name will ever reach a confirmation; and if the postmaster general can accomplish it, Belcher may consider himself permanently shelved. Two leading factions are operating respectively upon the president and the postmaster general.

Senator Gordon returned from his New Hampshire trip to-day. He expresses himself highly pleased with his reception, and with the ardor of Granite democracy. The people are fully aroused to a sense of the peril of the hour, and despite the power of administration patronage, they will throw off the incubus that grinds down the common liberties of the country.

The Sandwich Island treaty came up in the senate to-day. An amendment, designed to curb English influence, was added, providing that no foreign nation should have a coaling station upon the islands, and thus it will be ratified.

DE LAVEN.

[By Associated Telegram to the Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, March 11.—There appears to be quite a contest going on over the postmastership at Macon, Ga. It appears that some time ago Belcher was sent from Augusta, Ga., to be postmaster at Macon as a representative of the colored man. In the opinion of the department and many of the patrons of the Macon office, he was not a good postmaster, and the postmaster-general removed him and appointed Mr. Henry S. Glover, who it appears does not live at Macon, but twenty or thirty miles away. Parties are now endeavoring to induce the senate not to confirm Glover, because he does not live within the city, and for other reasons. One of the reasons given for the retention of Belcher is that he is a colored man. There is no prospect for his retention, but it may be, unless the republicans of Macon rally to the support of Glover, the president may be compelled to withdraw his name, and substitute therefor some of the other candidates, among whom are McBurney and Bond; the latter of whom was turned out without cause, to give Belcher the place, on account of his being a colored man. The same question is likely to come up with regard to other offices in the south. There appears to be two parties in this fight, and the post-master general desires to get the best officer, and is opposed in some places by parties in interest, claiming to be republicans, because individuals whom he thinks would make the best officers, they claim are not always the best republicans, as there has been a great deal of cutting of tickets down there. These gentlemen keep away from the postmaster general, and are apparently trying to induce the president to listen to their political claims.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Senator Gordon, of Georgia, and representative Lamar, of Mississippi, have returned from New Hampshire. The Boston Herald, independent republican, says they could do much to convince our people that the time had come to secure the local government to the south, and that we are preparing a chalice that will surely, sooner or later, be pressed to our own lips. The question is vital to us as well as to the south. We cannot sustain free institutions in one section while trampling them in another. We must maintain liberty for all or submit to a despotism which will deny the rights alike to all.

CONCORD, March 11.—After Senator Gordon had finished his speech last night, many federal soldiers who had fought against him, came up to the stand and greeted him warmly.

Painting and Dressing.

Painting and dressing for the stage are very ticklish matters, requiring a broad and minute artistic sense and attention. Mrs. Rousby's stage beauty, which is wonderful, is said to be due to her exquisite skill in painting; Aimee is perfect, and so is Neilson. But Ristori is the greatest in this as well as all other theatrical concerns; including acting and managing. She literally copies upon her face the lines, etc., from the historical portraits of the personages she is going to enact. Thus in Elizabeth, her face is so strikingly like that of "good Queen Bess" that she might pass for her majesty's twin sister. Janauscheck does not understand either painting or dressing. No more does Miss Cushman. The case of these two great actresses is very curious. Miss Cushman is learned, and Mme. Janauschek is a literary scholar of a high merit, and has studied deeply. Still, as Queen Katherine of Aragon, these ladies wore garments which would have surprised that poor princess. Ristori's dresses are strict copies from pictures of the period, and most of her costumes are designed for her by great artists. Ary Scheffer furnished her with studies for her dress in Medea and Myrrha, and Paul Delaroche, Fraschieri and others with those of many of the splendid costumes she wears in other parts. Rachel had her thin under garments and to flow like them from the shoulders, and thus not interrupt the grace of her draperies.

Madame Janauschek as Medea wears a crinoline, or, at any rate, such voluminous skirts that her grand and majestic figure is greatly marred by them, since they intercept the downward folds of her classic peplum. This lady also wears as Medea a garment of a modern shade of color utterly unknown to the ancients. Ristori never uses a color for which there is not a historical warrant. Who will ever forget Miss Cary in "Aida," wearing a metalic green shade of the last fashion which would have caused a revolution in old Egypt, and high-heeled white satin boots, which she certainly never saw depicted in an Egyptian fresco!

The Movement Against Treasurer Cardozo.

By Telegraph to The Constitution.

CHARLESTON, March 11.—The movement in the legislature against the state treasurer, Cardozo, is being actively pressed. The joint committee have framed and presented in both houses an address to the governor demanding a removal of the treasurer, who has been notified to appear before the joint assembly next Thursday with his defense, after which a vote will be taken on the adoption of the address.

Gov. Chamberlain in his interview with a correspondent of the News and Enquirer, warmly defends the treasurer, in whose honesty he reposes unshaken faith, and treats the movement against him as notoriously originating in the baffled cupidity of those who view the public service as a mere chance to money and who could not induce Cardoza to lend himself to jobbery.

Weather

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, March 11.—For gulf and south Atlantic states and Tennessee low barometer, ; south and west winds, warmer, cloudy weather and rain. Rivers rise at Cincinnati, Louisville, Keokuk, St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

Lady Mordaunt.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LONDON, March 11.—The jury on the Mordaunt divorce case have found Lady Mordaunt guilty of adultery. The judge pronounced the decree *nisi* with costs.

Female Graduates.

(By Telegraph to the Constitution.)

PHILADELPHIA, March 11.—The women's medical college graduated sixteen women. Jefferson Lodge graduated one hundred and seventy doctors.

Allowing Wives to Testify.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

ALBANY, March 11.—A bill has been introduced in the senate allowing wives to testify against their husbands in civil cases.

SENATOR GORDON'S VIEWS.

The Object of his Visit to New Hampshire---Feelings of the two Races at the South---The Cause of the Strife.

The Boston Advertiser says:

Senator Gordon, of Georgia, and Representative Lamar, of Mississippi, arrived in this city last evening on their way to New Hampshire, where the former will speak at Concord on Monday evening and the latter in Manchester. These gentlemen said, in conversation with an Advertiser reporter last evening, that they came with feelings very different from the ordinary feelings of politicians. Their people were too serious to think of mere triumph of parties. They were just in that condition when they were willing to embrace anything that promised relief and good government. The sum of all they wanted was honesty in their public officers. Speaking of the condition of property in New Orleans, Mr. Gordon, quoting from a letter of a lady friend residing there, said it cost more to pay the taxes than could be obtained from rents. The lady continued in the letter: "We are called a company of murderers and assassins, I tell you that where one white man can be found who has committed a murder, for any cause at all, I will name to you two who have committed suicide from sheer desperation." This was simply a private letter written to a friend, with no expectation that it should be made public. She subsequently gives a long list of names of prominent citizens of New Orleans who had gone mad and taken their own lives. "It is a horrid state of society and government," added Mr. Gordon, "that drives people to that sort of resort." They had come, he said, with the hope that by an honest, plain representation, braced by facts and by the testimony which they propose to present, mostly from republican sources, they can show the people of the north the true condition of the southern states. They felt sure that whenever we did understand, as a brave and generous people, with a common history and a common destiny with theirs, we would not tolerate the abuses to which they were subjected; the interference of the federal administration. Of course, if they could not redeem themselves through the ballot-box they must go on suffering, but they wanted the same rights at the ballot-box as we had. They did not want men forced upon them by fraudulent elections, as was done in Arkansas, as was done every year in Mississippi, and as was done last year in Louisiana. They had come here not to make political speeches, but merely to spread out before the people the condition.

Speaking of the condition of affairs in Georgia, he said there had not been a life taken in that state, unless it was in an infrequent drunken street-row. The negroes lived happily and peaceably. He suggested that it was not a very good argument for those who tried to make it appear that the whites were hostile to the negroes, when in this state, where the former race outnumbered the latter four to one, quiet reigned. He mentioned as one significant fact that the legislature appropriated the same amount of money for the negro college as for the college which was the pride of every Georgian. In all the states the older citizens saw that the negro so far from being responsible, was simply made the tool in the hands of men who used him for their own purposes. A bad government was the continuous source of irritations. It was perfectly impossible for anybody to conceive of a race of intelligent men, who, knowing that their whole prosperity, everything they had in the world, depended on keeping the peace between the races, should turn out and kill the negroes wholesale. For example—his home was four miles in the country from Atlanta. Everything he had on earth in the way of housekeeping, his farm, mules, corn, fodder, hay, houses, everything was in the hands of negroes while he was in Washington, and not a white man upon the place. He knew the sentiment of the southerners upon the questions of race and color, and he could affirm that there was no hostility toward the negro as a man. Mrs. Gordon and himself had gone away from home and left their entire family, their little children, in the hands of their negro servants, with not a white man anywhere about. His children slept with their colored nurse at night, and he had no objection to the association, except as it might influence their morality. The danger of this was much greater than before the war. Then the negro was in the control of his master. He was told not to swear, not to drink, not to use obscene language among the children. There was no such control over him now, and not having any power to control him in any way to prevent any arts that would mislead him, he was filled with apprehension. It was not a repugnance against him, but a distrust of him.

The negroes on his place worked his farm, and he divided its products equally with them. Every man voted against him every time. They had been with him ever since the war, and had never voted with him, and they did not dare to. He cited an instance which occurred when he was running for governor. His carriage driver, a boy to whom he was very much attached, and who was devoted to him, came to him, very much affected, and said to him: "General, I would vote for you, but I must be candid with you and tell you the truth; I am afraid to do it. My own color will charge me with deserting them, and these white men who have been looking after us tell me that I will not be safe if I desert my color. And I want to ask you whether it is true that if you are elected we will all be put back into slavery again." "I laughed at him," Mr. Gordon said, "and replied, don't you know that it would be utterly impossible; if the whole southern people were united as one man, and should attempt that, they could accomplish nothing by it. If the whole power of the government was given us," he continued, "its armies, its navies, its courts, its congress, one man in five thousand could not be found who would put the negro back into slavery again. We don't want slavery any more." The negro vote was dividing more and more every year, and he was sure the time was not far distant when parties would be formed not upon the color line at all. It would have come long ago if it were not for those men whose interest it was to keep up the party line. To show the kind of influence these carpet-baggers had over the negroes, he said that after he had addressed them in favor of reform legislation, some one of these would rise and say, "Don't you remember that he was in the rebel army? Don't you remember he fought to keep you in slavery? Don't you give him the power again, or he will put you back into slavery." The effect of this appeal to the passions was apparent.

He thought the civil rights bill was not desired by the colored people. They preferred, as a mass, to be by themselves, in the cars, steamboats, or hotels; and in closing the conversation he remarked that not a single outrage or disturbance through all the southern states had occurred which could not be traced to the unjust administration of the government as its cause.

Cuba's New Captain General.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

HAVANA, March 11.—Captain General Valmaseda has issued a proclamation, in which he says, additional reinforcements will soon arrive from Spain, and with the aid of the people under the battle-cry of Spain, religion and the king, Cuba will be saved.

At a reception given to the captain-general, he said he desired that grievances of foreigners should be brought to his personal notice, that he might be enabled, whenever possible, to arrange such cases without a lengthy correspondence.

The insurgents have burned several plantations in Saqua district, and have defeated a small Spanish column in the jurisdiction of Santa Clara.

A Southern Railroad Decision.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 11.—The supreme court of North Carolina to-day decided the case involving the validity of the lease of the North Carolina railroad to the Richmond & Danville railroad company. Judge Settle delivered the opinion, declaring the lease to be valid and affirming the right of the Richmond & Danville railroad company to change the guage of the North Carolina railroad between Greensboro and Charlotte.

Brigham Young in Jail.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

SALT LAKE, March 11.—Brigham Young has been committed for one day and fined twenty-five dollars for not obeying the mandate of the court in the matter of the Ann Eliza divorce case.

FREIGHT RATES.

The Railroad Side of the Question—Letter from Col. E. W. Cole to Senator Mosley.

Col. E. W. Cole, president of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad, has addressed a letter to Senator Mosley, of Tennessee, in which he says:

"Learning that a communication on freight charges, from the state grange, published in the Union and American, was read in the senate, referred to a committee, I beg leave to make the following explanation of the specific charges made in that communication, the authors of which say:

'Corn from the state of Illinois can be shipped from Jacksonville, on the Tennessee river, through Nashville to Atlanta, Ga., for seven cents per hundred pounds less than the Tennessee farmer's corn can be shipped from Nashville to Atlanta.'

"Now let us see if this assertion is correct.

We give Johnsonville corn from steamers the same rate per ton per mile as St. Louis corn, and when the expense of getting the corn to Mount Vernon, Shawneetown, etc., are taken into consideration, together with steamboat charges, insurance, and transfer at Johnsonville, I cannot see how a producer on our line, or within the state, is discriminated against, and hence give you the figures, to wit:

Freight from point of production on shipment to the Ohio river by rail or otherwise, per 100 lbs..	12
Wharf-boat and forwarding charges at Ohio river, per 100 lbs.......	03
Steamboat freight to Johnsonville, (minimum)	10
Transfer at Johnsonville..........	02
Railroad freight from Johnsonville to Atlanta, per 100 lbs........	31
Total per 100 lbs..........	58

In the matter of local charges, as alleged, from Johnsonville, allow me to say that, while we have never carried any grain from Johnsonville proper, we have made rates, and are now doing so, from Gould's Switch (a short distance this side of Johnsonville) and Waverly, to Atlanta, as follows:

From either place to Nashville, per 100 lbs.............	09
From Nashville to Atlanta, per 100 lbs..........................	30
Total per 100 lbs..........	39

Difference in favor of grain raised in the neighborhood of Gould's Switch or Waverly, compared with grain raised in Illinois, 19 cents per 100 lbs.

Our rate on grain from Nashville to Atlanta is 36 cents per 100 lbs., or 22 cents per 100 lbs. in favor of grain raised in the neighborhood of Nashville, compared with the charges on grain raised in Illinois, that comes by the river via Johnsonville.

"From Johnsonville (except brought there from river points) we have never shipped a car load of grain, therefore, our so-called Johnsonville rates are nothing more nor less than a division of rates from interior Illinois and Indiana to points further south, and that in competition with other lines from the same point.

"The rate on grain from St. Louis to Atlanta, is 58 cents per 100 lbs.; and from Nashville to Atlanta, 36 cents per 100 lbs.; difference in favor of Nashville or Tennessee production, 22 cents per 100 lbs.

"It must be borne in mind that Missouri and Illinois grain, carried to and deposited in elevators at St. Louis, costs the producer from 12 to 18 cents per 100 lbs., really making a difference (storage of 2 cents per bushel included) of 42 cents per 100 lbs. against the producer of grain in western states, or from St. Louis and beyond, and in favor of producers here in Tennessee.

"The same relative difference applies to Montgomery, and territory west of the Chattahoochee river, as to Atlanta.

"You will observe, also, that, while the rate on grain from Nashville to Atlanta is 36 cents per 100 pounds; from Louisville to Atlanta it is 47 cents per 100 pounds, a difference of 11 cents per 100 pounds in favor of Nashville or Tennessee production.

"I know nothing about the charges on the St. Louis and Southeastern railway to Goodlettsville, referred to, but do know that, from Mount Vernon, grain can be shipped to Nashville by boat for 15 cents per 100 pounds or less, and the St. Louis and Southeastern railway may have, in competition with steamboats, brought grain to Nashville at the same figures. It should be remembered, however, that if boats should bring it to Nashville, the grain would be subject to forwarding fees, drayage and local rates from Nashville to Goodlettsville. Therefore, the only questions involved are: Did the St. Louis and Southeastern railway exceed its chartered limits in charges to Goodlettsville? Should it compete with boats on grain for Nashville at 15 cents per 100 lbs., or decline it? Would it or ought it to lessen the regular local rates from either end of its line to Goodlettsville, whether it took Nashville grain as against boats or not? Should Nashville be denied the benefit of the competition with the river while it lasts? Would it benefit Goodlettsville to make the Nashville rate higher, and thereby give the business to the steamboats?"

MASSACHUSETTS SILVER.

It is Panning Out $200 to the Ton.

(Newbury correspondence Chicago Times.)

The excitement which commenced here last fall with the discovery of mineral wealth near this city has been increasing ever since, and now that the value of the discovery is proved to be so great, the mine is to take a rank with those in Colorado. The ore was first found on a farm owned by Mr. Jaques, situated two and a half miles from the Merrimac river and a half a mile from the Boston and Maine railroad.

Mr. Adams, who found the ore, kept quiet about it until he had bought the land of Mr. Jaques for $350. Then getting out some rice galena he bonded the land to E. G. Kelly, W. W. Chigmans and E. P. Shaw for $100,000. The latter gentleman commenced at once to develop the vein, and found it rich in lead and silver and extending for three or four miles. They took out some 200 tons of the ore when Mr. Jacques, the original owner of the land, brought suit to recover the same, and had an injunction put on the transfer of the land or the removal of the ore. But this does not prevent working the mine, and the shaft has reached a depth of fifty feet and 500 tons of ore have been taken out. The general belief now is that the matter will be compromised with Mr. Jacques, smelting works erected, and business pushed forward.

About four tons were sent to Newark, N. J., to be smelted, being some of the first taken out, and yielded about $100 per ton. The vein is of volcanic origin, the ore cropping out of the rocks on the surface. That first taken out was galena, which, as they went down, was mixed with silver, and carries $150 to $200 per ton. By a slide from the south wall ore was brought down gray copper which assays $3,500 per ton. The success at the Chipman lode hes induced many people to buy land, and what was valued at $30 per acre six months since now brings $1,000 per acre.

Capitalists and miners are flocking here, many of whom have visited the mines in Mexico and Colorado, and they pronounce the Chipman lode equal to the Comstock and Legal Tender.

Mexico.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

CITY OF MEXICO, March 11.—Gabriel Mancera and Vicente Saria Torres, have been appointed commissioners to represent Mexico at the Philadelphia centennial exposition. The church party are fomenting troubles with the view of organizing a revolution, using as their pretext the expulsion of sisters of charity. The ill feeling between the Catholics and Protestants in Acapulco and other places, continues in groups in the streets of Acapulco, who shout death to the Protestants. The latter fear further violence and numbers of them are preparing to emigrate. The American assassinated in Acapulco was named Henry Morris. He was from Boston. Minister Foster is making a collection for his destitute family.

Engineer Killed.

[*By Telegraph to The Constitution.*]

BALTIMORE, March 11.—George Heck, freight engineer on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, was instantly killed this morning, at Mount Airy, by the explosion of the boiler of his engine, which he was oiling at the time, while taking in water.

ATHENS—A negro woman in the employ of Y. H. Wynn, Esq., of this city, was very seriously burned on Thursday night last.—*Northeast Georgian.*

JOHN YOUNG BROWN, OF KENTUCKY.

His Accuser in the Congress Makes the Amende in a Letter.

The following is the text of the letter of Robert S. Hale, exculpating Hon. John Young Brown, of Kentucky, from the use of unparliamentary language in alluding to Ben Butler. A synopsis of it was published in our telegraphic columns a day or two since:

812 TWELFTH STREET,
WASHINGTON, March 3, 1875.

MY DEAR COLONEL CRITTENDEN:—I beg again to express my regret that my severe and long continued illness has prevented my taking any part in rectifying by the action of the house the injustice which I am fully convinced was done your friend, Mr. John Young Brown, by the resolution of censure moved by myself.

In my conversation with you on the last day I was in my seat, some weeks ago, I expressed my conviction that so far as that resolution imputed to Mr. Brown any intention of prevarication or double-dealing in his response to the speaker I was satisfied on a review of the record itself, and in view of my own distinct recollection of the language uttered by Mr. Brown, that I, in common with the majority of the house, had been misled and had done injustice to Mr. Brown.

The record itself I know to be incorrect in making his language preceding his allusion to the case of Burke a direct charge upon a person not then named, when in fact it was stated as a hypothetical case. I was watching with intense care every word that Mr. Brown uttered, and knew that it was put hypothetically and not as a direct charge. His response to the interrogatory of the speaker, followed by his subsequent application of his remarks to Mr. Butler, impressed me at the time as a prevarication and an unfair response, which enabled him to finish his sentence, which would otherwise have been stopped by the speaker. But a careful examination of the record since, qualifying it by my own distinct recollection, satisfies me that I did a great injury to Mr. Brown in imputing this intent to him. and that there was nothing in his response to the speaker inconsistent with entire good faith or with the integrity of an upright and honorable man.

I regret that I could not have stated this conviction of mine upon the floor of the house, and have thus aided in wiping out the undeserved imputation upon Mr. Brown in this regard inflicted by my resolution. But my continued illness has kept me from my seat now for nearly four weeks, and will prevent my taking it again during the session. I am glad to have the opportunity of expressing myself thus freely and unreservedly to you, especially in view of the opinion I have always entertained of Mr. Brown as a gentleman of the most perfect integrity and honor; though doubtless sometimes excitable and impulsive, as I think he was on the occasion in question.

I shall never hesitate to express freely the conviction I have above expressed to you; and if anything contained in this letter will, in your judgment, be of service to Mr. Brown, I beg you to consider this letter entirely at your service for any use whatever which you or other friends of Mr. Brown may think proper to make of it.

With sentiments of the highest regard for yourself, I am very truly your obedient servant, ROBERT S. HALE.

Hon. T. T. Crittenden, House Representatives.

Summary of State News.

SAVANNAH.—Captain Woodberry, of the ship Southern Rights, finding the rats very troublesome, advertised for and now has some fifteen or twenty vigorous looking cats.——The new boiler and engine for the water works have been received.——Old coons about Savannah study the attractive pictures of M'lle Deardon's troupe of lady velocipede riders, which adorn the bill boards.——Thomas Kearman has been elected president of the Working Men's Benevolent Association.——On Tuesday night there was a fire at Brennan's European House, on Bryan street. The gas machine exploded and set fire to the building. The property is owned by Mr. John Ryan, and together with the contents, was insured to the amount of $10,000.——Mr. A. Fernandes, a member of the Metropolitan Fire Company, had one of his hands severely burned by coming in contact with the burning oil.—*News.*

The work on the monument is going steadily on; it is now some fifteen feet above the enclosure.——Our hotel arrivals continue large, and Savannah is full of strangers.——The schooner E. & G. W. Hinds, Captain Hill, left New York February 15th, bound for Savannah, with a general cargo, among which was two hundred and fifty kegs of powder and a deck load of kerosene oil.——The vessel experienced general heavy and unfavorable weather from the start, and when off Hatteras was caught in a fierce southwest gale, which carried away her flying jibboom and sprung her topmast. The vessel was laboring so heavily that it was considered necessary to lighten her by relieving her of her deck load of barrels of kerosene oil. The vessel was tossing and pitching so that the barrels could not be thrown over the rail, and it was determined to break in the heads and let the oil run out, which was immediately done. By some means or other the oil took fire, and spread very rapidly to all portions of the vessel, and, also, on the outside where the oil had run. The men then fought the fire as long as they thought there was a chance of mastering it, but with very little success, and at last when they were surrounded on all sides with flames, and the fire burning immediately over the point, which 250 kegs of powder were stored, which they knew might explode at any moment; they decided to take to their boat for safety. When they went aft to get the boat in which they were to take refuge, they found that she had become unhitched from the davits and was hanging astern by a rope and full of water, and utterly useless. The position was then indeed most perilous. The vessel burning, the storm, and the powder under the hatch, they saw that their only hope was to extinguish the fire, and again they set about it with vigor, and after a desperate fight for life, with the flames, they succeeded in mastering them, and extinguishing the fire entirely. After all was quiet the vessel was found to have been quite badly burnt outside from the oil running out, and one side of the gally entirely destroyed. The schooner reached Tybee Sunday and came up to the city yesterday.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

DALTON.—Dalton is making arrangements for the organization of a gas company——Considerable sickness is prevailing in Walker county, mostly pneumonia——The report reaching us concerning crops in Whitfield county are not of the most favorable character——Rev. Mr. Higdon, the new Baptist minister at Tunnell Hill, preached a sermon recently on "missions," and drew an affecting picture of the state of heathenism existing in Georgia——Rev. J. R. Lane, of Ringgold, has been called by the Presbyterians of Tunnell Hill, to preach for another year——Wheat in all directions in Walker, gives promise of an abundant yield.—*Citizen.*

LAWRENCEVILLE—The heavy rains last week raised the larger courses water higher than they have been for years. The Chattahoochee, near Duluth, was from a half to three-fourths of a mile wide, covering the bottoms completely——But little damage has resulted from the high water so far as we have been able to learn in the county.—*Herald.*

COLUMBUS.—The factories have resumed operations——Thieving depredations continue——Planting operations in this section are very backward——Cal Wagner was in Columbus with his troupe Wednesday night.—*Enquirer.*

THOMSON—Mr. Paschal, of Wilkes county, one day last week, killed at one shot three wild turkey goblers, the three weighing sixty-seven pounds.—*Journal.*

ROME.—Farmers are very backward in their operations——Most of the bottom lands down the Coosa have been under water, and the wheat is greatly injured.—*Courier.*

SENOIA—The hotel at Senoia is closed, and is now for rent. This will probably deprive Senoia of a first-class sensation growing out of the passage of the civil rights bill.—*Journal.*

DIED—Mrs. D. H. Carter, in Savannah, March 9th.

In Spalding county on Wednesday, Jerry Atkinson, Esq.

In Merriwether, on the 5th inst., Mr. T. J. Burdett.

MARRIED—In Armuchee, Walker, on Thursday last, Mr. M. C. Jackson to Miss Bettie Little.

In McDuffie county, on the 9th inst., Mr. W. M. Hardaway to Miss Eva O'Neal.

On Tuesday, in Rome, Mr. J. B. King, of Savannah, and Miss Mamie A. Battey.

Washington News.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The senate, after long discussion over Clayton's resolution for a special committee to enquire into the affairs of the Indian territory, took no action. The senate went into executive session and adjourned.

Attorney General Williams decides that duties accrue on the 8th of February, the day on which the tariff bill was signed.

The senate caucus resolved to make no changes in the senate employees.

Confirmations—Conant, marshal for the northern district of Florida; Woodworth, supervising surgeon of marine hospitals; Sheats, 6th auditor; Bragg, appraiser of merchandise, Charleston, South Carolina; Manning, collector of customs at Albemarle, N. C. Fitzhugh, collector of customs, Natchez, Smith, collector of customs, Memphis, Belven, pension agent, Raleigh. No southern nominations. Paymaster Baggs is dead. General Auger has been ordered to New Orleans to succeed General Emory. General Ord is ordered to San Antonio, Texas, to succeed General Auger. General Crook to the department of the Platte to succeed General Ord.

General Kantle takes command in Arizona as General Crook's successor.

These changes seem to indicate the retirement of General Emory, at present in command in Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Senate—Clayton's Indian committee business was tabled, by 30 to 22. The senate considered the Sandwich Island treaty with the amendment that no other nation shall acquire naval or coaling stations within those islands, and recommended its ratification as amended.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Sale of Sewing Machines.

MAYSON & NORMAN will sell, on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock at their auction house on Marietta street, a large lot of leading makes and late style sewing machines, amongst which will be a letter C manufacturing Howe; a very fine Singer, and other late improved machines, Every machine warranted to be in perfect order. T. C MAYSON, Auctioneer.

mar12 d1t

AT AUCTION.

WE will sell on to-morrow (Saturday.) at 10 o'clock, in addition to the Sewing Machines, a lot of second-hand Furniture of all kinds, Cook Stoves, Mattresses, etc, 1 second-hand Law Library, 1 Delivery Wagon, Horse and Harness, and in fact a general line of all kinds of goods. Be on hand if you wish bargains.

MAYSON & NORMAN.

T. C. MAYSON, Auc't. mar12—d1t

NOTICE.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

SPECIAL TAXES.

May 1, 1875, to April 30, 1876.

THE Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 3232, 3237, 3238, and 3239, require every person engaged in any business avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a SPECIAL TAX, TO PROCURE AND PLACE CONSPICUOUSLY IN HIS ESTABLISHMENT OR PLACE OF BUSINESS, a STAMP denoting the payment of said SPECIAL TAX for the Special-Tax Year beginning May 1, 1875, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1875.

The taxes embraced within the provisions of the Law above quoted are the following, viz:

Rectifiers	$200 00
Dealers, retail liquor	25 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500 00
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in excess of $1,000.	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5 00
Manufacturers of stills	50 00
And for each still manufactured	20 00
And for each worm manufactured	20 00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10 00
Manufacturers of cigars	10 00
Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses or other animals)	50 00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses or other animals)	25 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal)	15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyance)	10 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100 00

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to J. A. HOLTZCLAW, Collector of Internal Revenue, at 26 Alabama street, Atlanta, Georgia, and pay for and procure the Special-Tax Stamp or Stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1875, and WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE.

J. W. DOUGLASS.
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington D. C., February 1 1875.
mar12—d3t&w2t

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of England & Co, Bankrupts—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three successive weeks, that I have been appointed Trustee of the estate of England & Co., Bankrupts, of Athens, in the county of Clarke, who have been adjudged Bankrupts, upon their own petition, by the United States District Court for said District.

H. N. HARRIS,
Trustee.
mar11—d1a3w

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

Court of Ordinary, February Term, 1875.

WHEREAS, V. R. Tommey, administrator of the estate of John R Hampton, deceased, has applied letters of dismission, representing that he has fully discharged his said trust:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, within the time prescribed by law, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
Ordinary
feb5—w1am3m

Campbell County Deputy Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the town of Fairburn, in said county, on the first Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

One house and lot in the town of Fairburn, in said county, known as town lot No. (3) three, in block (1) one, containing one acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of Matilda Rowan, as administratrix of Robert Rowan, deceased, former guardian, etc., better known as the place where said Matilda Rowan now lives, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Campbell County Superior Court, in favor of S. T. W. Minor, as guardian of Matilda Ormsby. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. This March 8th, 1875.

M. M. SMITH,
Deputy Sheriff.
mar16—wtd

GEORGIA, Fayette county.

Ordinary's Office, March 1, 1875.

M. W. SWANSON has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 13th day of March, 1875, at my office.

L. B. GRIGGS,
Ordinary.
mar4—w2w

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, March 1, 1875.

WHEREAS, John C. Sneed has applied to me for letters of guardianship of the persons and property of Mary P., John H., Julia C., and William D. D. Hammock, minor children of Mansel W. Hammock, deceased:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to be and appear at office, within the time allow by law, and show cause, if any, why said letters should not be granted to said applicant.

JOHN B. STEWARD,
Ordinary.
mar2—w4w

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

Ordinary's Office, December 4, 1874.

WHEREAS, E. H. Stevens, administrator of Elizabeth Stevens, late of said county, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged his said trust and prays for letters of dismission:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in March next, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
Ordinary
dec—w1am3m

Fulton Sheriff's Sale for May, 1875.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in May next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property:

One font of minion type, weight about 150 pounds; five fonts of display type; leads, about twenty pounds; three type stands; five pair of double cases; four single cases; four brass bottomed galleys; two wood galleys; one imposing stone; three composing sticks; one pair iron chases; four side and foot sticks; all column and advertising rules, and all other fixtures, materials and property now attached to and belonging in the Georgia Commonwealth office, in the city of Atlanta. Levied on as the property of B. F. Sawyer, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of D. M. Hood vs. B. F. Sawyer. March 6, 1875.

A. M. PERKERSON,
Sheriff.
mar7—d1aw3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pear Trees for Sale.

200 4-YEAR OLD STANDARD,
100 4-YEAR OLD DWARF,

Of the best variety and low prices. Apply on Pryor street, to E. H. MUSE.
mar12—d6t

Direct Trade Union.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Direct Trade Union, will be held in the city of Atlanta, on Wednesday, the 7th April next. E. T. PAINE,
Atlanta, March 8, 1875. Secretary.
mar12—d1t

FOR THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

Engines and Machinery,

ADDRESS

GEO. A. BARNARD,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar12—d1w

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, March 11, 1875.

T. S. LUCKIE has applied for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same, on the 22d day of March, 1875, at 11 o'clock a. m., at my office, at Decatur, in said county.

JOHN B. STEWARD,
mar12—w2t Ordinary.

LEE HOUSE.

AN EXCELLENT SUIT OF ROOMS, fronting on Whitehall street, can be obtained at this Hotel, with board, if applied for soon. Also, two or three family rooms not yet filled. Day and transient boarders solicited. Terms low.

T. J. PRITCHETT,
March 12, 1875—d2t Proprietor.

Campbell County Deputy Sheriff's Sales.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the town of Fairburn, Campbell county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

East half of land lot of land number sixty-four (64) in the 13th district of original Henry, but now Campbell county, Georgia, south of the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, with the exception of the right of way of the said road, and also one square acre of land, whereon the improvements of John B. Suttles are situated the same being part of the original lot. Levied on as the property of James Ragsdale, to satisfy five fi. fas. issued from the Justice Court, 499th district, G. M., in favor of H. B. Gouoy against James Ragsdale. Levy made by Isaac Suttles, L. C., and turned over to me.

Also, at the same time and place, fifty acres of the northwest half of lot of land number thirty four (34) in the 13th district of original Henry, but now Campbell county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of John T. Dudley, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. issued by Spencer Harvey, tax collector of Campbell county, against the said John T. Dudley, for his taxes for the year 1874, Levy made by Isaac Suttles, L. C., and handed over to me.

MOSES M. SMITH,
mar12—d1t&w3t Deputy Sheriff.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT of the United States—Northern District of Georgia—In Bankruptcy, in the matter of Wiley H. Staton bankrupt—No. 907.

All persons interested are notified to show cause, if any they have, before Register A. G. Foster, at his office in Madison, Ga., on the 20th day of March, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the said bankrupt should not be discharged from all hisdebts.

The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.

mar9 - d1t A. E. BUCK, Clerk

To Printers.

WE have been appointed agents GODFREY'S ROLLER GUM. We will furnish Rollers made, or the Gum in any quantity. Address

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
dec24—d1f Atlanta, Ga.

Strange But True!

THE TOONG QUA CUCUMBER grows to weigh 70 *pounds each* and finest quality. 15cts. per seed; 10 seeds, $1 00. SNAKE CUCUMBER grows from 2 to 8 feet long and coils like a snake. 20 cts per paper. PERSIAN WATER MELON. Very superior, and keeps perfectly *fresh and sweet throughout the winter.* 20 cts per paper. STRAWBERRY WATERMELON, finest in cultivation; 200 prizes; 10 cts per paper. JAPAN RADISH. Pods 2 feet long, and delicious; 15 cts per paper. MAMMOTH CABBAGE. Heads weigh from 20 to 60 pounds each; tender and sweet; 10 cts per paper. CONQUER TOMATO, ten days earlier than other variety; 25 cts per paper. JAPAN PEAS—200 bushels per acre on common land; unequaled for stock or table use; grows on an upright stalks. 15 cts per paper, 50 cts per pint, 80 cts per quart. CHUFAS—Furnish grazing all summer and food for yourself all winter; fine for poultry, and fattens more hogs than ten times the area in corn; 150 bushels per acre on poorest land. 10 cts per paper, 40 cts per pint, 70 cts quart, $10 per bushel. ROSE SLIPS—With good roots, of any variety the purchaser may choose at 4 for 50 cts., 9 for $1, 20 for $2, 100 for $9. Also, potato, cabbage and other plants at low rates.

Seeds and roses by mail, *post free.* Send for our *free* catalogue, giving full list, descriptions and *testimonials from those who have grown the above seeds.* Address

SOUTHERN SEED & PLANT CO.,
GALLATIN, TENN.

Le Meschancebe says of us: "Their rare and prodigious vegetables elicit the admiration of all who have the good fortune to visit their celebrated gardens at Galatin."

feb19—w1m

Deputy Sheriff's Sale.

GEORGIA, CAMPBELL COUNTY. Will be sold before the court house door, in the town of Fairburn, in said county, on the first Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit.

Parts of lots of lands Nos. 107 and 108, in the seventh district of originally Coweta, but now Campbell county, it being fifteen acres, off of lot No. 108, and fifty-six acres and eighty rods off of lot of land No. 107; also, five acres off of lot of land No. 85, in said district. Levied on as the property of G. W. Torrence, to satisfy two subpœna fi. fas. from the Superior Court of Campbell county, Georgia, in favor of George Cook and R. Moore vs. G. W. Torrence. Property pointed out by defendant and levied on by D. P. White, former sheriff. This March 2, 1875. M. M. SMITH,
mar4—wtd Deputy Sheriff.

The Diamond COTTON CHOPPER
IMPROVED & WARRANTED

At once, Scrapes, Dirts, Weeds and Blocks. $35. Cotton Planter and Guano Distributor, $25. Cultivator, $20. Planter, Distributor and Cultivator combined, $35. CORN PLANTER attachment, $7 50 extra. All warranted. Agents wanted. Send stamp for illustrated Circular with warrantee and certificates, to D. C. C. & C. Co., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., or to Local Agt.

feb5—w1m

WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED HOTEL-KEEPER, at present managing one of the finest hotels in Rhode Island, would like to engage in some capacity in a Southern Hotel. Married, no children, and wife is a competent house keeper. Both have thorough knowledge of the business. I can furnish best of references as to character and ability. Address F. C. BANCROFT,
Manager Benedict House,
Pawtucket, R. I.

P. S.—Refer to Colonel E. Steadman, Covington, Ga. mar6—d1w

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

To all Whom it may Concern:

WHEREAS, John R. Jeanes has applied for letters of administration de bonis non on the estate of John O. Byrd, deceased:

This is, therefore, to cite all Persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, why letters of administration de bonis non, should not be granted to John R. Jeanes, on John O. Byrd's estate, on the first Monday in April next.

Witness my hand and official signature, this March 4th, 1875.

R. C. BEAVERS,
mar6—w4w Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, March 4, 1875.

WHEREAS, Charles A. Lareudon, guardian of the property of Walter S. Lareudon, represents that he has fully discharged his said trust:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections if any exist, on or before the first Monday in April next, else the prayer of the petitioner will be granted.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
mar6—w4w Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, March 4, 1875.

HIRAM O'NEAL, p. o. c., has applied for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 16th day of March, 1875, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary,
mar6—w2t Fulton county.

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, &c.

CHEAP

Dry Goods, Etc.

SPRING 1875. SPRING 1875.

Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

A Call will Amply Repay Purchasers.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

A call will Amply Repay Purchasers.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

54 Whitehall Street.

Offer the Largest and Choicest Novelties, Seasonable and Desirable

DRY GOODS.

Having purchased a large quantity of Staple Goods before the advance in the market, they offer their Goods at

RETAIL

BELOW THE WHOLESALE MARKET RATES.

100 cases Best Standard Prints, Merrimac, American, Dunnels, Hamilton and Allen's, all of the best quality, at 8c per yard.

100 cases Longcloth at 10 and 12½c per yard. worth 15 and 16c.

25 cases ¾ Longcloth at 6 an 18c per yard.
10 cases 4 4 Spring Percales at 12½c per yard, worth 20c per yard.

$10,000 worth of Silks and assorted Dress Goods at Great Bargains.

500 pieces Mohair Black Alpacas, from 25c per yard up. Our Brilliantine Alpacas at 50c per yard, one of the best in the Southern market.

Full lines of all kinds of Black Goods, very low.

100 dozen Towels, from $1 10 to $5. Our $3 per dozen Damask Towels are superior to any yet offered in this market.

50 pieces 8-4 White Table Damask, from 60c per yard up.

1 case 4-4 Turkey red Damask at 85c per yard.

500 dozen Doylies from 60c up.

500 dozen Napkins at $1 up.

Full lines of Crashes, Diapers, Towelings, etc., very low.

25 cases 9-4, 10-4, 11-4 Sheeting, from 30c per yard up.

1,000 Worsted Table-Covers at $1, worth $1 50. Finer Goods in proportion.

20 bales Red and White Flannel at two-thirds of their value.

1,000 Honey-Comb Quilts at $1; 500 Marseilles Quilts at less than gold price.

1,000 pieces Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Vestings, etc., very cheap.

25 cases Jeans, from 12½c up.

A Liberal Discount Will be Made to Wholesale Dealers.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

500 CARTOONS RIBBONS.

Nos. 3 and 4 Boiled Silk Ribbons, all colors, at 5c per yard.

No. 5 Boiled Silk Ribbons, all colors, at 8c per yard.

No. 12 Boiled Silk Ribbons, all colors, at 12 1-2c per yard.

Nos. 9 and 12 Gros Grain Ribbons, all colors, at 20c per yard.

No. 16 Gros Grain Ribbons, all colors at 25c per yard.

1,000 pieces Sash Ribbon from 50 per yard up.

1,000 dozen L. C. Handkerchiefs from $1 to $3 per dozen.

100 dozen New Styles Children Bordered Handkerchiefs at 80c to $1 per dozen.

500 dozen Hemstitched and Bemmed Handkerchiefs from $2 25 to $12 per dozen.

200 dozen fine Bone Corsets at 50c.

100 dozen Superior Quality Corsets at 65c, worth $1 25.

200 dozen Corsets from $1 to $5.

5,000 pieces Cambric Edging and Inserting at prices which have never before been equaled.

500 dozen Latest Styles Ladies' Scarfs from 25c up.

1,000 dozen Two and Three Buttoned Kid Gloves at $1 per pair, worth $2.

500 dozen Ladies' White Hose from $1 to $18 per dozen. Our $3 and $4 per dozen Hose are a very superior article.

1,000 dozen Children's White and Fancy Hose, also Gents' and Boys' Half Hose at great bargains.

Full Lines of all Kinds of Notions on Hand at Very Low Prices.

—FULL LINES OF

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Mattings,
Rugs,
Shades,
Upholstery Goods,
&c., &c.

Always on hand at the Lowest Prices.

An early call is respectfully solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect at

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO'S,
54 Whitehall Street.

All orders above $20 sent free of charge to parts of the country. Send for price list.

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS, WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

The Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

ATLANTA

Friday Morning, March 12, 1875

FOR COUNCILMAN—FIFTH WARD.

Democratic Nominee, A. N. HUNT.

ELECTION, SATURDAY, 13TH INST.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS.

In the Supreme Court of Georgia, January Term.

Blue Ridge	00	Macon	16
Western	00	Flint	22
Northern	00	Coweta	19
Atlanta	37	Rome	10
Southern	1	Cherokee	19
Oconee	0	Augusta	8
Albany	10	Middle	1
Southwestern	28	Ocmulgee	27
Pataula	9	Eastern	5
Chattahoochee	37	Brunswick	2

The daily proceedings are reported for the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION by Henry Jackson, supreme court reporter. The decisions published in full every Wednesday morning.

Immediately on the adjournment of the court, the decisions of the term are published in pamphlet form, price $1 00 to subscribers of THE CONSTITUTION, to others $2 00 per copy.

GEORGIA REPORTS, volumes 46, 47, 48 and 49 can be had, new and elegantly bound, at a reasonable price, from W. A. Hemphill & Co.

New Advertisements.

Mayson & Norman will sell to-morrow morning twenty-five sewing machines.

E. H. Muse has standard and dwarf pear trees for sale.

Buffalo beef at Snow's.

Mayson & Norman will sell to morrow second hand furniture, law library, wagons, horses, etc.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the direct trade union takes place April 7th.

Buffalo beef at Snow's.

See notice of commissioner of internal revenue relative to special taxes.

For engines and machinery address G. A. Barnard.

New spring goods.

Excellent suit of rooms and board at the Lee house.

Campbell county deputy sheriff sales.

Exemption notice.

Employment wanted.

Situation as governess wanted.

Parkins & Jennings,

32 Broad Street, near the Bridge.

WHITE PINE DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MANTELS, MOULDING, &C.

A large stock in store at prices lower than ever. jan15—wed-fri&sun-dtf

JAMES DOUGLASS wants employment.

SITUATION as governess wanted.

H. Y. SNOW has just received excellent dried buffalo beef.

E. H. MUSE has four year old standard and dwarf year trees for sale.

AN excellent suit of rooms and board can be had at the Lee house.

NEWMAN & MONROE'S MINSTRELS.—This company gave a fine performance last night. Some of the men are excellent.

PARTIES wishing engines and machinery will find it to their interest to consult G. A. Barnard.

REMEMBER the great sale of sewing machines takes place at Mayson & Norman's to-morrow.

REMEMBER the mammoth sale to-morrow, by Mayson & Norman, of second-hand furniture, law libraries, wagons, horses, etc.

$8. SETS OF TEETH, $8. Teeth extracted without pain at Dr. Gurley's, 33½ Whitehall street. mar9—tues&sun2w

DIRECT TRADE UNION. — The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Direct Trade Union will be held in this city on the 7th of April next.

$8. SETS OF TEETH, $8. Teeth extracted without pain at Dr. Gurley's, 33½ Whitehall street. mar8—dtues&sun2w

3,000 pounds dried Buffalo beef. Just received from Omaha—soft and sweet—by H. Y. SNOW, mar12—d2t 25 Marietta street.

SPECIAL TAXES.—The attention of our merchants is called to the advertisement of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue relative to special taxes. It is an important matter.

$8. SETS OF TEETH, $8. Teeth extracted without pain at Dr. Gurley's, 33½ Whitehall street. mar9—dtues&sun2w

3,000 pounds dried Buffalo beef just, received from Omaha—soft and sweet—by H. Y. SNOW, mar12—d2t 25 Marietta street.

WE are requested to state that there will be a meeting of the ladies' memorial association at the young men's library rooms Saturday afternoon at half past 3 o'clock. A general attendance is desired.

REPRESENTATIVE ALLRED, from Pickens county, succeeded in repealing the law known as the dish rag tax law. But for his bull-dog tenacity of purpose it would still be a law.

MR. SEAMONS M. PETERSON, of this city, was married at Norcross on the 10th, to Miss Neppie Johnson, of Norcross, Rev. W. M. Davis officiating. We tender our warmest gratulations to the happy pair and wishes for their happiness and prosperity.

SMITH'S FUNERAL.—The negro suicide, Robert S. Smith, was buried yesterday shortly after two o'clock. The body was decently dressed, and a suitable coffin provided by his friends here. The procession was large and included some eight or nine carriages. The body was carried from the house.

NEW SPRING GOODS.—CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTING, &C, CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.—Furchgott, Benedict & Co, offer 4-4 fancy percals at 12½ per yard, worth 20; 4-4 long cloth (soft finish) at 10 and 12½c per yard. 7-8 long cl th at 6 and and 8c per yard. Best cambric finish prints only 9c per yard.

Silks, dress goods, white goods, linens, cassimeres, broad cloth, Towels, Napkins, table damask, hosiery, notions, ribbons, flowers, etc., etc., at greatly reduced prices.

☞ For other prices read the large advertisement and before purchasing please examine our stock. mar12—dtf

POLICE NOTES.—A case of small-pox was reported to the police yesterday, in the fourth ward. Little was known about it up to last night. Should the report be correct the case will be removed outside of the city and strict quarantine regulations enforced.

The negroes Brown and Dean were delivered over to a constable yesterday, and carried back to Clayton county, to stand their preliminary trial for the robbery of Mr. Wright. We learn Col. S. S. Spencer has been retained to defend one of them.

A soldier named Welch, supposed to be a deserter, was captured yesterday, near Norcross, and locked up in the guard house last night.

No new state cases were made yesterday.

The city arrests for drunkenness number eight. Nothing unusual.

WE are pleased to learn that the management of the cotton factory, are more hopeful than ever. The reporter visited the candy and cracker, and shirt factories, of the city yesterday, and he desires to see more of these things in our city. A few months ago the Darby's of Baltimore, nice, clever gentleman, sold pretty much all the candy consumed in this section; and when its manufacture was started here, many predicted that it would be a failure, that we could not compete &c. What a mistake, see what quantities of candy and crackers are shipped from Atlanta. And the beauty of it is some *fifty* or *sixty* of our own people, *here at home*, make it. The reporter desires to see more of these things in our city. He wishes to see temples of industry all over Atlanta, where the majesty of man's genius, the glory of his enterprise, the marvel of his art, and the skill of his contrivance, may be proudly illustrated.

AN ARMY OF CATS.—The ship Southern Rights, which had been lying up for some time on the other side of the river, became overrun with rats, which discovery was made about three weeks since, when she moved over to this side and commenced loading for Reval. Capt. Woodberry, not relishing the idea of accommodating so many of the long-tailed tribe, hit upon a novel method of ridding his vessel of their presence. A few days since he gave out that he would pay twenty-five cents for every cat brought him. The news soon spread among the gamins, and created lively excitement, and the little fellows went industriously to work. During the past two days they have come to the front with felines of every description, size and age, and yesterday the chicken coop, which had been improvised as a cage, contained fifteen or twenty vigorous-looking cats, apparently "eager for the fray," and the way they will "nose" for the "long-tailed" when the ship sets sail will be lively. Captain W. says the presence of so many cats on board will strike terror to the gizzards of the rats, and those that are not caught will be glad to "step down and out" when the vessel reaches Reval. Meanwhile it is presumable those rats are "hanging on the ragged edge."—*Savannah News.*

INDIGNATION MEETING.

The Milk Cows Indignant at the Passage of the Cow Ordinance.

Since the passage of the ordinance prohibiting the running at large of cows after night in the city limits, that portion of the bovine fraternity whose duty it is to supply the lacteal fluid for our homes has been chewing their cuds with an air of dissatisfaction. The news of the ordinance spread through every lane and back alley, and finally resulted in an indignation meeting last night which was largely attended. A representative of THE CONSTITUTION was promptly on hand. Mrs. Dun was called to the chair, and Mrs. Cherry requested to act as secretary. Soon after the meeting was organized several reckless bovine swells of the male persuasion entered, and in a boisterous way proclaimed that they were going to claim their rights under the civil rights bill, as the ordinance restricted their personal liberty. Mrs. Muley, in a speech burning with indignation, resented the intrusion as unwarrantable, and called upon the crowd to eject the intruders, which they did at the point of their horns.

Mrs. Brindle explained the object of the meeting. It was to take measures to have the odious law repealed, so far as it applied to bovine mothers with families. So far as the male population and the young bovines were concerned, it was well enough to keep them in at night. She did not counsel retaliatory measures, though she confessed Alderman Maddox who introduced the ordinance, had a decided advantage over them, in the fact that they could not eat his tobacco or drink his whisky. One thing, however, they could do, and that is they could eat up his garden. But she would advise them against doing this, because the ladies were more interested in their flower and kitchen gardens than the men, and ladies were always kind to them.

Mrs. Speckle demanded that some measures should be taken to retaliate this gross imposition and wholesale attack upon an unoffending class. She wanted the meeting to agree not to give down another single ounce of milk until the ordinance was repealed. She was not tender-footed if others were. Her word for it, pass such a resolution, and in less than twenty-four hours the ordinance would be repealed.

Mrs. Red, a venerable dame, remarked that she could not agree to such resolutions herself. If none but heartless, brutal men would be affected by it, then it might do. But think of the supply of milk being cut off from the city for a whole day. What misery would be inflicted upon the friends of the milk cow, women and children It was a well known fact that some of the mothers were wholly improvident in this regard, and lacked a supply of lacteal nourishment. Hence, great suffering among innocent parties would ensue. The present Council was awful wise. The next thing they would do would be to pass a resolution declaring that their should be no *milky way* at night. Their ordinance will have the effect to drive *milk away* in the day time, because it deprives the poor milk cow of the benefit of a living upon nutritious diet obtained by honest efforts in the night time in such gardens as she can enter.

There being such a variety of opinion as to the best course, the Chair suggested that the matter be referred to a committee to prepare a memorial to be presented to the council. She thought that councilman Goodwin had the "milk of human kindness in his bosom" and would present it for them. This met with general favor, and Mrs. Brindle, Mrs. Red and Mrs. Muley were appointed said committee to report at a meeting to be held in front of Major Mecaslin's on next Saturday night. The meeting adjourned with three lows for the officers.

THE TURF.

Second Day at Oglethorpe Park.

Yesterday was the second one of the races, and it was a gratification that the attendance was larger than on the first day. There is a magnetic thrill that stirs the soul of the most callou in the sight of fast horses speeding around the ring, side by side, straining every nerve, passing and passing each other time and again.

THE TRACK.

The track was in a better condition than the previous day. Still it was a little heavy and did not admit of horses doing justice to themselves.

THE FIRST RACE—ONE MILE DASH—PURSE, $250.

The following gentlemen acted as judges: W. H. Gordon, Talbot Williams and Clint Taylor.

There were two entries. John Payne entered by Major Bacon.

Century, entered by Dr. L. A. Hitchcock.

At the signal the horses had a fair start. John Payne won the heat and race by one length. Time, 1.50.

THE SECOND RACE—PURSE $300

Mile heats, best two in three. There were two entries.

Barton & Medinger entered First Chance.

L. A. Hitchcock entered Mollie Darling.

As the pedigrees and colors were given previously we will not repeat.

The start was a fair one, and the heat cleverly contested. Mollie Darling had the inside track, and won the heat by one length. Time, 1:56½.

The second heat was equally close. First Chance came out ahead. Time, 1:56¼.

The third heat was well contested. First Chance leading off and holding his distance well, until coming in on the home stretch, when Mollie Darling came up, passed him, and won the heat and race by one length. Time, 1:59.

THE RACES TO-DAY.

The races to come off to-day will be the most interesting that have yet taken place. The horses entered comprise good blood. Rapid horse-flesh should have a charm for bringing out a larger attendance than has yet been at Oglethorpe Park. The paths and avenues, and amphitheatre around the track where fleet coursers will spurn the dust from their flying feet, this afternoon, should be filled with people.

There will be two races to-day. The first a one mile dash for three year olds, in which there are three entries

Major Thomas G. Bacon enters Mainsail, by Jack Malone, out of Sea Breeze. Colors blue with orange cap.

Col. L. A. Hitchcock enters Bayline, by Baywood dam; Miss Music, by Whale. Colors—Black waist, blue sleeves and cherry cap.

Barton & Medinger, enter Charlie Chatham, by Lynchburg, of brown mare, out of Elizabeth McMeary.

Colors—White jacket, blue spots and blue cap.

Pools sold as follows:

Mainsail	$10	15	20	25	30
Bay Line	4	5	6	8	11
Charlie Chatham	3	5	5	7	9
	17	25	31	40	49

The second race is a hurdle race three times around the track, each time jumping two hurdles, in which Col. W. H. Gordon enters Valentine by Randal, out of Velvet by Wagner.

Mr. Burton enters Capt. Jack, by King master out of Sallie Austin.

Pool sold as follows:

Capt. Jack,	$10,	20	30,	40,	50
Valentine	$5,	9	15,	16,	20
	$15,	29,	45,	56,	70

A Dirt Town Valley Idyl.

John is a native of Dirt Town Valley, in Chattooga county, and withal a gay and festive buck. Having for some time breathed the air of the city and basked in fortunes smiles, John determined to pay a visit to the scenes of his boyhood. Now be it known that John dresses well. His clothes fit nicely and with his graceful equipoise; his linen is matchless in its snowy whiteness and marbleized smoothness. John determined to astonish the natives and he did His tout ensemble was superb; the fragrance of Hoyt's German lingered around this jovinimian curls and imperial. Now some of the boys of Dirt Town Valley thought they knew a thing or two, because they had been to New York once and to Rome several times.

They gathered in knots around John upon his arrival, and gazed with rapture upon him.

One said: "John, what did such a coat as that set you back."

John replied with nonchalant air—"well it is a cheap affair. I think it cost me a trifle—some $75."

"Gosh-darn-it-all" the crowd would exclaim "its dirt cheap!" while their eyes would dilate to the size of a saucer and their mouths would gape open.

"John, what did you pay for such pants?" was the next query.

"Well, they are only ordinary ones. They cost only $25."

"Them's fine shirts, John. How much did they cost?"

"Well, boys, I didn't expect to stay more'n a day or so and only brought along three dozen. I paid $36 a dozen for them. Nice, ain't they!"

And he was catechised in this manner throughout. John believed he had created a "sensation," and he had. Next morning as he passed down the street he could hear the boys shouting across the street to one another "Say Bill, I only brought down three dozen shirts and am only going to stay a day or two. I wan't to borrow a couple of dozen to make out a change."

John returned to the city much improved in physical vigor but he did not tell his city friends of this Idyl of Dirt Town Valley.

Appointments for Episcopal Visitations.

March 21st, (Palm Sunday) Macon.

March 25th, (Maundy Thursday) in the morning—St. Philip's, Atlanta.

March 26th, (Good Friday) in the evening—St. Philip's, Atlanta.

March 28th, (Easter day) in the morning—St. Philip's, Atlanta.

March 31st, April 1-2, Savannah.

April 4th, (1st Sunday after Easter), Ogeechee mission.

April 5th, 6th, Savannah.

April 11th, (2d Sunday after Easter) Darien.

April 14th, — — Griffin.

April 22d, Augusta.

April 24th, 25th, (4th Sunday after Easter) Greensboro.

JNO. W. BECKWITH, Bishop of Georgia.

THE most valuable enterprise in the state now is the Marietta & North Georgia railroad. It should be speedily completed.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, NOTIONS, &c.

BURKE, HANCOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO J. W. BURKE & CO.,

Books, Stationery, Notions & Fancy Goods.

A large stock of Blank Books and very low prices.

A beautiful assortment of Initial and Fine Writing Paper.

Call and see us. BURKE, HANCOCK & CO,

feb28—dtf Corner Alabama and Whitehall streets.

THE COURTS.

Proceedings of the Supreme Court—Judge Cowart after Thieves and Receivers of Stolen Goods—More Distillers Sentenced in the United States Court, &c.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

SPECIALLY REPORTED FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY HARRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, March 11, 1875.

ALBANY CIRCUIT.

No. 6. ——— vs. The State, was argued for plaintiff in error by Judge R. T. Lyon, and for defendant in error by the solicitor general, B. B. Bower, Esq.

No. 7. Mayo vs. Keaton, was argued for plaintiff in error by Judge D. A. Vason, and for defendant in error by Judge R. H. Clark.

The Southwestern circuit being next in order, by consent of counsel, the last case on the docket from that circuit was first called, the same being the injunction case of Mize vs. Hawkins et al

Pending the opening argument of Mr. Guerry for plaintiff in error, the court adjourned.

The City Court.

HON. R. J. COWART, JUDGE PRESIDING.

Court met at nine o'clock pursuant to adjournment. The call of the criminal docket was resumed and the following cases disposed of

State vs. Henry Banks, colored. Receiving stolen goods. The charge was that on the 15th day of January, 1875, Henry received one package of small twist tobacco of the value of three dollars, the property of James R. Wylie & Co., and which he knew at the time to have been stolen. Trial, verdict, guilty; sentence, fine of $50 and costs or twelve months in the chain gang. John A. Wimpey for defense.

State vs. Charlie Austin, colored. Larceny from the house. The charge was that on the 24th day of February, 1875, Charlie entered the storehouse of G. S. Loundes and wrongfully and fraudulently carried off one box of cigars, the property of said G. S. Loundes, and of the value of $2 75. Trial, verdict, not guilty. W. M. Bray for defense.

State vs. Peter Story, white. Simple larceny. The charge was that on the 11th day of February, 1875, Peter fraudulently stole and carried off one pair of blankets of the value of $4, and the property of the Atlanta Medical College. Plea, guilty; sentence, fine of $10 and costs or three months imprisonment in the chain-gang.

The State vs. Malinda Callaway. Adultery and fornication Charge, that Malinda committed said crime on the first day of March, 1875, with one Henry Williams. The prisoner plead not guilty, and went to trial. The jury found her guilty, and after a little good advice as to her future conduct, Judge Cowart sentenced her to pay a fine of $25 and costs, and in default thereof to be imprisoned in the chain-gang for the space of ten months. Mr. Wm. Bray, for defence.

The State vs. Abe Wootten and Turner Ivey. Larceny from the house. Charge that on the 29th day of January, 1875, Abe Wootten and Turner Ivey entered the store house of T. M. Clarke & Co., and stole one fine shooting cartridge pistol, the property of said T. M. Clark & Co., and of the value of eight dollars. Upon arraignment Abe Wootten plead guilty and Turner Ivey, not guilty. Judge Cowart sentenced Abe Wootten to eleven months' imprisonment in the chain-gang. Turner Ivey went to trial, and the jury returned a verdict of not guilty. Mr. Wm. Bray represented the defence in both cases.

The State vs. E. E. Hirt. Assault and battery, alleged to have been committed on the 16th day of February, 1875, and upon the person of C. J. Purdue. Nol. pros'd by order of the court.

The State vs. Virgil Cook, colored. Receiving stolen goods. Charge, that he received a small package of twist tobacco from John Purtyer, on or about the 19th day of January, 1875, knowing that the same had been stolen from James R. Wylie & Co. Trial, verdict guilty. J. A. Wimpey, for defence. Sentence, fine of $20 and costs, or five months' imprisonment in the chain-gang.

The State vs. Thomas Harris, colored. Charge, of stealing a bag of loose cotton from the Georgia Railroad and Banking company.

Pending the argument of this case, the court adjourned until its usual hour to-day.

The United States District and Circuit Courts.

HON. JOHN ERSKINE, JUDGE PRESIDING.

The district and circuit courts met at their usual hour.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

The United States vs John Lance. Indictment for illicit distilling, etc. Order taken to forfeit bond for non-appearance of defendant. Hill & Coney, and Gartrell, for defense.

Same vs Willis M Dinsmore. Information for retailing unlawfully. Trial, verdict guilty. Sentence, nine months imprisonment in Fulton county jail, and fine of $1,000 and costs. Culberson and Phillips, for defense

Same vs Mitchell B. Cress. Information for working in an illicit distillery. Trial, verdict guilty. Broyles and DeGraffenried, for defense.

Same vs James Kelly. Information for illicit distilling, etc. Trial, verdict guilty. Sentence, eleven months imprisonment in Fulton county jail, and fine of $1,000 and costs. Gartrell and D. P. Hill, for defense.

Same vs W. J. Bryson. Information for illicit distilling, etc. Bond of $300 forfeit for non-appearance of defendant who has run away. The security came into court and offered to pay all costs, and $100 of the penalty. Whereupon the remaining $200 was remitted, and an exhonoretur entered on the bond.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Johnston, Crews & Co. vs. Robert Yary & Co, assumpsit. Leave to amend granted. Gartrell & Stephens for plaintiff.

Nathan H. Hand vs. Yahoola river and Cane creek hydraulic hose mining company, W. H. Vandyke and N. Hamilton, stockholders and claimants. Final decree for plaintiffs, authorizing sale of defendants franchises. Jackson & Clark for plaintiffs; Broyles & Branham contra.

The United States vs. Green B Holcombe. Indictment for representing himself a revenue officer, &c. Nol pros'ed on motion of the United States attorney, Akerman. D. P. Hill, C. D. Phillips and L. J. Gartrell for defense.

The same vs. John Evans and James Grizzle. Indictments for reviving empty spirit packages. Order to forfeit bonds taken in both cases for non appearance of defendants.

Upon the conclusion of the above business, the courts were adjourned until their regular hour to-day.

Novel Case Before Justice Ezzard.

BIG TROUBLE OUT OF A SMALL TRADE.

Justice William Ezzard had before him yesterday afternoon a criminal case which is somewhat novel. It appears from the evidence, that on Wednesday evening Mr. Patrick Sullivan, an employee in the state road shop, visited the fruit stand of Mr. E. Georgi on Marietta street, to make a few purchases. Sullivan, as he swears, had upon his person at the time only three bills, to wit: a one dollar bill, a two dollar bill, and, a ten dollar bill. He bought from Georgi 25 cents worth of apples and 10 cents worth of candy, thirty five cents in all. He handed him what he supposed was the one dollar bill, and Georgi returned him 65 cents change. When Sullivan got home, he took his remaining two bills from his pocket, and, as he asserts, discovered that he had given Georgi, by mistake, the ten dollar bill. He immediately returned to the fruit stand, explained the occurrence, and demanded that Georgi should give him the additional nine dollars. This Georgi refused to do, and insisted that he had given him a one dollar bill, and not the ten dollar bill, and that the change was right So the matter rested until yesterday, when Sullivan swore out a warrant before justice Ezzard, charging Georgi with simple larceny. The case was tried yesterday afternoon with Mr. Gus Hulsey for the state, and Mr. Van Epps for defense The argument was prolonged until nearly dark, and a decision will be reached to-day. The case is certainly novel.

Notice—Estey Organs.

G. P. Gulford has this day been appointed sole agent for the States of Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina, Florida and East Tennessee.

Feb. 1st, 1875. J. ESTEY & Co.

feb28—sun-tue&fri3w

THE PLANTERS' HOTEL.—The Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel says: "We learned yesterday that the Planters' Hotel had been purchased from the Curtis estate by Mr. B. P. Chatfield, who has had it in charge for some time past. The papers have all been drawn up and will be signed in a short time. We understand that the new owner of the property intends adding to its capacity for accommodating guests, and also improve its external appearance by placing a Mansard roof upon it. Other improvements will probably be made also. Mr. Chatfield is an energetic and thorough business man. He knows no such word as fail. He is a native of Connecticut, and started in the world as a brick mason. One of the finest churches in the north was built by him. Mr. Chatfield will continue to run the Highland Park hotel at Aiken, as at present. Mr. B. F. Brown, the well known and courteous clerk at the Planters', will retain charge of the latter."

The Planters' is one of the best hotels in the south and under the management of as clever a gentleman as can be found.

THE latest on dit is that both John Triplett and John R. Gorman are going into the Coffin business in Tennessee.

Street and Sidewalk Topics.

—It was quite dusty in the city yesterday.

—Dr. J. B. Carleton and Mr. F. Phinizy, of Athens, are in the city.

—Several charming ladies were engaged at croquet on Marietta street yesterday.

—Trade in flour and grain is rather quiet, and prices have not changed materially for several weeks.

—Some of our exchanges entertain dilatory motions, and have not recovered from the late heavy rains.

—And the last organ grinder shook the mud of our city from off his feet yesterday, and nied himself along the line of the Western and Atlantic railroad.

—The reporter is pleased to see Major Madison Bell and Mr. John Thomas out on the streets again. Both of these gentlemen have been indisposed.

—The sheriff closed the business house (as we are informed) of Mr. M. Somers, on Whitehall street, on yesterday, on account of non payment of rent.

—For information at least, the question is frequently asked how long the east side of Broad street, from the bridge to Grant's building, is to remain unpaved?

—It was a gratification to see numerous ladies engaged in gardening in various parts of the city yesterday. Gardens promote health, happiness and economy.

—As many of our readers are acquainted with the trotting horse "Basil Duke," we will state that he is a colt of a well-known Kentucky horse, named "Hppy."

—The reporter learns that flowers will be more generally cultivated in the city this season than ever. It is pleasant to have them, and they are the best moral and intellectual teachers.

—A man (like Ichabod Crane, he was a huge feeder though lank, had the dilating powers of an anaconda,) called at one of our restaurants yesterday, and eat three partridges at a meal.

—At the marble yard, on Alabama street, can be seen an excellent bust of Mr. William Gray, cut in marble by Mr. William Patterson. It is not quite finished, but will be a good likeness, and a piece of work that will reflect credit upon Mr. P.

—Cato had a favorite maxim which was that a farmer should always be seeking to *sell* rather than to *buy*. What would the old Censor say if life could be breathed into him, and could he have seen planters in stores in Atlanta yesterday buying manures, corn and bacon?

—A gentleman from the country, while at one of our depots, was railing out against guano as one of the *new* articles. He is mistaken about its being so very new. It is mentioned as early as 1590 by Acosta in his "Natural and Moral History of the East and West Indies."

—A colored man was a little rude, and refused to yield any of the sidewalk to a gentleman on Peachtree street, yesterday afternoon The gentleman did not kick or shoot, but acted toward the colored man as Hamlet advised Polonius to treat the players, "according to your own dignity, rather than their deserts."

This reporter returns thanks for a boquet received yesterday filled with

"DAFFODILS,

That come before the swallows dare to take
The winds of March with beauty: violets dim,
But sweeter than the lids of Juno's eyes,
Or Cytherea's breath."

—The reporter was in several dry goods stores yesterday. Already some of our merchants are receiving their spring goods Among them exquisite wonders of the textile art, from fabrics of fairy gossamer, down through all the grades and shades and hues of goods, lovely and substantial. Then there was an exhaustless *repertoire* of embroideries, and a crowning array of gloves of all the newest and loveliest tints and shades. And in these stores he found from proprietors and clerks a genial and considerate courtesy. None of them, however, asked to have their names made public.

Vetoed.

The Governor declined to approve the following bills and resolutions on the grounds stated. This embraces all the measures vetoed.

To authorize the Governor to farm out to the president and directors of the Atlanta & Amicalola railroad and of the Norcross & Dahlonega railroad, and Marietta & North Georgia railroad 100 convicts not otherwise disposed of.

I disapprove of this bill. All the penitentiary convicts have been disposed of under existing laws. While I am in favor of building all the railroads mentioned in the bill, I do not think it to the public interest to divide the convicts into more numerous divisions than exist at present. Besides, the Marietta & North Georgia railroad company, mentioned as a beneficiary under this bill, has just given up 150 of the convicts employed in that work. It is hardly worth while to provide by law for giving them an extra hundred at present.

"To amend an act to amend an act to establish a County Court for the counties of Dougherty and Lee, and to extend its provisions to the county court of Decatur county."

This bill seeks to reduce the salary of the county judge of Decatur county court. The law under which the court was established provides that the salary of the judge shall not be increased or diminished during his continuance in office. For this reason the bill is not approved.

To prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in and near the village of Carsonville, Taylor county.

The bill is not approved for the reason that, I have been reliably informed, a majority of the people that would be effected thereby do not want the law.

To prohibit the sale of liquor in the militia district in Pike county, known as the 1st district.

This bill is not approved. I have been informed reliably that the provisions of the bill do not express the intentions of the gentleman who introduced it.

A resolution authorising the governor to subscribe for 200 copies of Digest of Supreme Court Decisions prepared by Washington, Dessau & N. E. Harris.

Disapproved. No appropriation to pay for books.

The Governor also vetoed a bill to amend the act creating a County Court in Mitchell county, on the same grounds as that in reference to Decatur county court.

The Governor also refused to approve the resolution authorizing Mark A. Hardin to publish a pamphlet copy of the Public Laws, on the ground that it might interfere with the compiler of the laws.

Funeral of W. D. Krog.

The remains of Mr. W. D. Krog were attended to the cemetery yesterday evening by a large cortege. The members of Atlanta fire company No. 1, of which Mr. Krog was a member, were out in full force, and paid the last sad tribute of respect to their dead comrade. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. A. T. Spalding, D. D.

Mr. Krog was between twenty-six and twenty seven years of age, and a very estimable gentleman. He fell a victim to consumption.

WHAT'S UP?—We find the following in the last issue of the Chronicle and Sentinel:

AUGUSTA, GA. March 10th, 1875.

Editors Chronicle and Sentinel:

With the hope of awakening an interest among the stockholders, and as being a matter of *public* concern to the citizens of Augusta, I ask you the question, as journalists of Augusta—having her interest deeply at heart—whether you have heard the rumor that at the election in May next, for president and directors of the Georgia railroad, there will be an effort made to change the headquarters of the company from Augusta to Atlanta? If this is so, and I have heard it, ought not something be done to counteract it? AUGUSTA.

We have not heard anything of this, although we are so fond of Augusta we would be glad not only to have the Georgia railroad but the whole town move up here. We suspect that Clarkston is the point where the headquarters are to be moved to.

TEN CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents line, each insertion.

☞ All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT, UNmarried man, wants and must have employment. Not afraid of work. JAS. DOUGLASS. Address, Constitution. mar12—d1t

WANTED—THE UNDERSIGNED desires a situation as governess or would take charge of small school. Has considerable experience. Address Miss M. A. WALKER, Decatur, Georgia. mar12—d1t

VEGETABLES.—JOSEPH ARBOLA, Agent, 109 Whitehall street, is daily receiving large and fresh lots of Vegetables from Mobile. Call and see them. They will do your eye good. mar10—d1w

MILLINERY ROOM FOR RENT, OVER J. A. Doane's Hat Store. Apply to J. M. HOLBROOK, 27 Whitehall street. mar7—d5t

FOR SALE.—WE ARE RECEIVING frequent orders for our illustrated serial, Minnie Moreland. We have also copies of "Annie Sinclair," by Kingshack, a well known sensation writer. Inclose 25 cents, and a copy of either will be sent postpaid. Address W. A. HEMPHILL & CO., Atlanta, Ga. The "Maniac Lover" will appear soon. mar8—dtf

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT

ATLANTA, March 11, 1875.

Cotton closed quiet at 15⅛ cents.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.	Bales.
By wagon	49
By Western and Atlantic Railroad	11
By Central Railroad	3
By Air-Line Railroad	00
Atlanta & West Point Railroad	27
By Georgia Railroad	23
Total	113
Receipts previous	58,843
Total	58,956
Stock on hand September 1	102
Grand total	59 058
SHIPMENTS.	
Shipments to-day	00
Shipments previous	56,813
Total	56,813
Stock on hand	2,245

FINANCIAL.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The call for bonds for the sinking fund was made to-day by Secretary Bristow. It contemplates coupon bonds of the fourth series $24,029,750; registered bonds $5,936,250. The following is the call in detail: Coupon bonds, $50, No. 10,001 to 15,400; $100, 27,501 to 40,000; $500, 13,601 to 20,000; $1,000, $39,001 to 66,000; registered bonds, $50, 2,001 to 2,125; $100, 15,551 to 16,743; $500, 8,651 to 9,151; $1,000, 35,701 to 38,073; $5,000, 11,601 to 12,320; $10,000, 15,501 to 19,341. The call matures three months from to-day, when interest will cease. The bonds will be paid on presentation at any time previous to the maturity of the call.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Money 2a2½. Sterling weak at $4.50. Gold strong; 15⅛a 15⅝. Governments strong; new fives 14⅛. State bonds quiet and nominal. Stocks closed active and unsettled.

NEW ORLEANS, March 11.—New York sight ⅛ premium. Sterling $5 52½. Gold 15⅝.

Cotton Dead-Lock in Charleston.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

CHARLESTON, March 11.—For two days past there has been almost a dead-lock in the cotton market here, owing to a general and concerted demand of buyers for certain conditions regarding re-weighing of bales upon delivered, which the sellers decline to concede to. Efforts are being made to adjust the matter.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

Special to The Constitution.

COTTON MARKET.

Receipts at all ports to-day	12,189
Exports to Great Britain to-day	2,895
Exports to continent to-day	350
Consolidated receipts	54,893
Consolidated exports	53,000
Stock in New York	191,536
Stock at all ports	746,336

NEW YORK, March 11.

Gold 15⅝.

Cotton—Spots firm and nominal; low middling 15⅞: sales nearly all last evening; spinners 357; speculation 69.

Futures closed easier: sales 22,800 bales; March 16 5 16; April 16 21 32; May 17 1-32; June 17 11-32a17⅜; July 17⅝; August 17¾; September 17 5-32a17 3-16; October 16 21-32a16 11-16; November and December 16 7-16a 16½.

Associated Press Dispatches.

The following dispatches show the state of the market an hour later than the above special:

NEW YORK, March 11.—Cotton quiet and firm; sales 1,108 bales at 16¼a16⅝.

Net receipts 898 bales; gross 878.

Futures closed easy; sales 23,000 bales; March 16 5-16; April 16 21-32 May 17 1-32; June 17 11-32a17⅜; July 17⅝; August 17¾a 17 25-32; September 17 5-32a17 3-16; October 16 21-32a16 11-16; November 16 7-16a16½; December 16 7-16a16½.

LIVERPOOL, March 11, 5 P.M—Cotton sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings shipped in March or April 8⅛; on a basis of middling Orleans nothing below low middlings shipped in March or April 8⅛; on a basis of middling Orleans nothing below low middlings delivered in April or May 8 1-16.

CHARLESTON, March 11.—Cotton—Business generally suspended in consequence of a difference between buyers and sellers in reference to weighing and delivering; market quiet and nominal; middlings 15¾; net receipts 682 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,896; continent 850; coastwise 783; stock 33,586.

SAVANNAH, March 11.—Cotton buyers and sellers apart; nominally unchanged; middlings 15¾; net receipts 785; exports coastwise 628; sales 718.

NEW ORLEANS, March 11—Cotton firm and in good demand; middlings 15⅝; low middlings 15; good ordinary 14⅝; net receipts 5,525 bales; gross 6,037; exports coastwise 809; sales 6,3 0; stock 254,088.

MOBILE, March 11.—Cotton firm; middlings 15½a15⅝; low middlings 15a15⅛; good ordinary 14⅝; net receipts 149 bales; gross 151; exports coastwise 546; sales 100.

BALTIMORE March 11.—Cotton firm; middlings 16⅛ gross receipts 272 bales; exports coastwise 144; sales 656.

GALVESTON, March 11.—Cotton quiet; net receipts 1,596 bales; gross 1,627; exports coastwise 57; sales 763; middlings 15⅛.

WILMINGTON, March 11—Cotton quiet; net receipts 274 bales; sales 50; middlings 15⅝; exports coastwise 383; stock 2,037.

NORFOLK, March 11.—Cotton quiet and firm; net receipts 1,396 bales; sales 100; middlings 16; stock 11,237.

BOSTON, March 11.—Cotton firm; net receipts 673 bales; sales 922; middlings 16¼; stock 19,046.

AUGUSTA, March 11.—Cotton middlings 15½; net receipts 451 bales; sales 327,

PHILADELPHIA, March 11—Cotton quiet; net receipts 180 bales; gross 1,252; middlings 16½.

PORT ROYAL, March 11.—Cotton stock 4,157 bales.

PROVIDENCE, March 11.—Cotton stock 19,000 bales.

PROVISION MARKET.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Southern flour firm; fair enquiry; common to fair extra $5a $5 70; good to choice $5 75a$8. Wheat less active and lower; shippers and millers holding off; winter red western $1 22a$1 26; amber western $1 26a$1 28½; white western $1 28a$1 32. Corn about 1c higher, and with better export inquiry: western mixed 84a85½; yellow western 85a86. Coffee dull and unchanged; Rio 16¼a18½, gold. Sugar steady. Rice quiet and steady. Tallow firm; country 8 7-16a8½. Rosin and turpentine steady. Pork firm; new $19 50a $19 62. Lard firm; prime steam 13 15-16a14. Whisky firmer at $1 12½a$1 13; inside price cash. Freights dull; cotton by steam ¼.

LOUISVILLE, March 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn quiet at 68a70. Provisions has an advancing tendency. Pork $19 50a $20, Bacon—shoulders 8 20; clear rib and clear 11 20a11 62½. Lard—prime steam 14 a14¼; tierce 14⅝a14¾; keg 15¼. Whisky $1 10. Bagging quiet at 12½a13.

CINCINNATI, March 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn steady at 68a70. Pork firm at $19. Lard firm; steam 13⅞; kettle 14a14½. Bacon firm; shoulders 8; clear rib sides 11; clear 11⅝. Whisky firm; small sales at $1 10; generally held at $1 11.

ST. LOUIS, March 11.—Flour unchanged; superfine winter $4 15a$4 25. Corn steady; Whisky firm at $1 10. Pork $19. Bacon firm; shoulders 7¼a8; clear rib 11a11⅛; clear 11⅛a11⅝. Lard firm; saleable at 13¼.

CHICAGO, March 11.—Flour in good demand. Corn dull and unsettled; No. 2 mixed 64; 62 rejected. Pork in fair demand at $18 50. Lard in fair demand at 13 37½a 13 40.

BALTIMORE, March 11—Flour quiet and heavy; Howard street and western superfine $4 25a$4 50; city mills $4a$5. Wheat firm; Pennsylvania red $1 20a$1 22; Maryland red $1 15a1 25; amber $1 30; white $1 15a1 25. Corn quiet; southern 1c off; southern white 80a82; yellow 80. Oats steady. Rye dull and unchanged. Provisions strong and bouyant Pork higher at $19 50a$19 75. Bacon firm and active; shoulders 8½. Lard 13⅞a14¼. Coffee and whisky quiet and steady. Sugar easier at 10⅛.

NEW ORLEANS, March 11—Flour—small stock; only local demand; double extra $4 75; treble extra $4 95a$5 62½; choice $4 75a$6. Corn easier at 82a87. Oats 69a70. Bran in good supply, but dull and lower at $1 30. Hay quiet; prime $25; choice $26. Pork active and higher; 550 bbls sold at $19 75; now held at $20; 100 bbls extra heavy sold at $20 50. Dry salted meats scarce and in demand; shoulders, 7¼a7¾; clear rib 10½; clear sides 10¾. Bacon firmer; small stock; shoulders 8⅝; clear rib 11⅝; clear 12⅛; hams in demand for Cuba at 13a13½. Lard dull; tierce packers 14; refined 14½. Sugar firmer; inferior 5a5¾; common 6¼a 6¾; fair to fully fair 7a8; prime to choice 8a8½. Molasses in good demand; stock diminishing; common 45a53; fair 53a55; prime to choice 56a58 Whisky dull $1 10 a1 14. Coffee in good demand; fair to prime 17a18½.

SHIPPING NEWS.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Arrived—Veto, Galveston, Jennie F Willey, Savannah, Ada Schiafer, Cardenas; schooner Lamoine, New Orleans, City of Dallas, City of London, Abbottford. Out—San Salvador.

HAVANA, March 11.—Arrived steamer Wilmington from New Orleans and sailed to return; schooner Geo. Sealy to Galveston.

PHILADELPHIA, March 11. — Cleared—Steamship Yasoo, Barrett, New Orleans via Havana; Catharine Whiting, Harding, Providence; brig Alice Tarlton, Tucker, Cardenas; schooners Mary Nowell, Cardenas; R. S. Hersy, Coggins. Arrived—steamer Mary C. Cathcart.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$8. SETS OF TEETH. $8.

SIX REASONS WHY you should consult Dr. J. W. Gurley, (33½ Whitehall street) before going elsewhere:

1st. He is a graduate of a first-class Medical College.

2d. He is a graduate of a first-class Dental College.

3d. He has been in practice for the last fourteen years.

4th. He is better prepared to treat scientifically all diseases of the teeth, mouth and associate parts than any other Dentist in the State.

5th, He has never failed to give entire satisfaction.

6th. His prices are more in conformity with the times. [mar9—d1m-ins-b-c

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

Ordinary's Office, March 5, 1875.

WHEREAS, Joel Brock, guardian of Elizabeth J. Brock having applied to the Court of Ordinary of said county, for a discharge from his guardianship of Elizabeth J. Brock's property:

This is, therefore, to all persons concerned, to show cause, by filing objections in my office, why said Joel Brock should not be dismissed from his guardianship and receive the usual letters of dismission,

Given under my official signature, this March 5th, 1875.

R. C. BEAVERS, mar9—w4w Ordinary

Campbell County Sheriff's Sales.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the town of Fairburn, Campbell county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

The interest of John W. Phillips in lots of land Nos. 131 and 157, in the 7th district of originally Coweta, now Campbell county, Georgia, containing 405 acres, more or less, the same being the undivided one fifth interest in said lots of land, which was willed to John W. Phillips, by his father Lampel Phillips, deceased, to take effect at the termination of a life-estate given to Nancy Phillips, the same being subject to a life-estate in the said Nancy Phillips, and this levy is made to sell the interest of John W. Phillips, in said land, and not to dispose of the interest of Nancy Phillips; the purchaser will not be permitted to take the same into possession until after the death of Nancy Phillips. Levied on to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the Justice Court of the 1165th District, G. M., in favor of W. J. Garrett against John W. Phillips, in the hands of a transferee, and other fi. fas. in my hands, issued from said Court, in favor of several parties against said John W. Phillips. Property pointed out by Thomas W. Latham, plaintiffs attorney, to E. L. Jackson, L. C, who levied on the same and turned the papers over to me. February 20, 1875.

M. M. SMITH, feb27—wtd Deputy Sheriff.

GO TO TEXAS

VIA THE

Lone Star Route!

(INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD.)

PASSENGERS going to Texas via Memphis and Little Rock, or via Shreveport, strike this line at Longview, the best route Palestine, Hearne, Waco, Austin, Huntsville, Houston, Galveston and all points in Western, Central, Eastern and Southern Texas. Passengers via New Orleans will find it the best route to Tyler, Mineola, Dallas, Overton, Crockett, Longview and all points in Eastern and Northeastern Texas. This line is well built, thoroughly equipped with every modern improvement, including new and elegant day coaches, Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Westinghouse Air Brakes, Miller's Patent Safety Platforms and Couplers; and nowhere else can the passenger so completely depend on a speedy, safe and comfortable journey.

The LONE STAR ROUTE has admirably answered the query: "How to go to Texas?" by the publication of an interesting and truthful document, containing a valuable and correct map, which can be obtained free of charge, by addressing the General Ticket Agent, International and Great Northern Railroad, Houston, Texas.

District E.] feb6-w1y

VALUABLE "COTTON MILLS" FOR SALE.

Safe Investment for Capital

BY virtue of a deed of assignment, I will sell at public outcry, at Marietta, Cobb county, Georgia, on the 4th day, being the first Tuesday in May, 1875, all of that valuable property, known as

Empire Mills,

located in Cobb county, Georgia, on Vickery's Creek, and all the lands belonging to said Mill, being 393 acres, more or less, situated in the counties of Cobb, Milton and Fulton, and such personal property as not disposed of before the day of sale.

The property consists of real estate, operatives' houses, dam, race and

WATER PRIVILEGES,

Factory Building, containing 3,644 Spindles, Picker Machines, Warp Mills, and all other necessary machinery for manufacture of

Cotton Warps and Yarns,

all in complete running order.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third cash; one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months, without interest. Bonds for titles will be given on payment of one-third cash and titles completed on final payment. Approved security will be required on the time payments.

JAS. W. ROBERTSON, mar2—d1awtillmay1 Assignee.

To the Heirs at Law of B. F. Wyman, deceased.

U. S. A.—GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

Court of Ordinary, March Term, 1875.

IT appearing to the Court that Noah R. Fowler, claiming to be the nominated executor, has filed in the Clerk's office of this Court a paper purporting to be the nuncupative will of Benjamin F. Wyman, late of said county, deceased, and it further appearing that there are no known heirs at law of said deceased.

It is ordered that all persons concerned show cause, if any exists, at the next term of this Court, to be held on the first Monday in April next, why said nuncupative will should not be admitted to probate and established as the last will and testament of said deceased, and said N. R. Fowler allowed to qualify as executor.

It is further ordered that this rule be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION once a week for four weeks.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary Fulton county.

A true extract from the minutes of said Court. March 2, 1875.

JNO. T. COOPER, mar3—w4w Clerk.

GEORGIA, Dade county.

Ordinary's Office, February 24, 1875.

WHEREAS, S. C. Hale has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Killian, late of said county, deceased:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else letters will be granted the applicant.

J. A. BENNETT, mar9—w4w Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1875.

JOSEPH C. DUNAGAN has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 20th day of March, 1875, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary, mar9—w2w Fulton county.

Epilepsey or Fits.

A SURE CURE for this distressing complaint is now made known in a Treatise (of 48 octavo pages) on Foreign and Native Herbal Preparations, published by Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN. The prescription was discovered by him in such a providential manner that he cannot conscientiously refuse to make it known, as it has cured everybody who has used it for Fits, never having failed in a single case. The ingredients can be obtained from any druggist. A copy sent free to all applicants by mail. Address DR. O. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand Street, Jersey City, N. J. [mar2—w2w

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Linsey Jacks, Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three successive weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Linsey Jacks, in the county of Oglethorpe, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the United States District Court for said District.

W. B. BRIGHTWELL, jan21—d1aw3w Assignee.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Goes into effect Sunday, Jan. 10th, 1875.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrive Kingston	11 39 a m
Arrive Dalton	1 40 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	3 50 p m
Leave Chattanooga	5 15 a m
Arrive Dalton	7 28 a m
Arrive Kingston	9 32 a m
Arrive Atlanta	12 35 p m

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	9 35 p m
Arrive Kingston	12 31 a m
Arrive Dalton	2 30 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	4 45 a m
Leave Chattanooga	4 00 p m
Arrive Dalton	5 42 p m
Arrive Kingston	7 28 p m
Arrive Atlanta	10 15 p m

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3 30 p m
Arrive Marietta	5 03 p m
Arrive Cartersville	7 17 p m
Arrive Kingston	8 21 p m
Arrive Dalton	11 55 p m
Leave Dalton	1 15 a m
Arrive Kingston	4 35 a m
Arrive Cartersville	3 31 a m
Arrive Marietta	8 06 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 50 a m

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line R. R.

Daily Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 51 p m
Arrives at Charlotte	8 06 a m
Leaves Charlotte	6 12 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 18 p m

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrives at Charlotte	2 00 a m
Leaves Charlotte	9 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 12 p m

Toccoa Accommodation Train.

Leaves Toccoa	3 45 a m
Arrives at Toccoa	8 27 p m
Leaves Atlanta	3 18 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 a m

Georgia Railroad,

Night Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 15 p m
Leaves Atlanta	10 30 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	6 25 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 00 a m

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	4 40 a m
Leaves Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 45 p m
Arrives at Augusta	3 30 p m

Covington Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 p m
Leaves Covington	5 50 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	8 15 a m
Arrives at Covington	7 30 p m

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	10 00 p m
Leaves West Point	3 08 p m
Arrives at West Point	3 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	7 10 p m

Central Railroad—Atlanta Division.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	9 05 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 27 p m
Leaves Macon	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	2 00 p m

Night Passenger and Freight Train.

Leaves Atlanta	10 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	5 45 a m
Leaves Macon	9 16 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 02 a m

On and after this date trains will not stop at West End.

☞ Central Railroad time 12 minutes ahead of Atlanta time.

Southwestern Railroad.

Eufaula Daily Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	9 05 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	5 40 p m
Arrives at Albany	3 25 p m
Leaves Eufaula	8 50 a m
Arrives at Macon	5 10 p m
Leaves Albany	10 47 a m

Connects with the Albany Train at Smithville, and the Fort Gaines train at Cuthbert daily, except Sunday.

Albany Train connects with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Trains at Albany, and will run to Arlington on Blakely Extension Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Eufaula Night Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 10 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	10 20 a m
Leaves Eufaula	7 25 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 a m

Columbus Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	7 17 p m
Arrives at Columbus	12 45 a m
Leaves Columbus	2 30 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 25 p m

Making close connection with Western Railroad at Columbus for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

Columbus Day Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 20 a m
Arrives at Columbus	6 35 p m
Leaves Columbus	5 50 a m
Arrives at Macon	3 00 p m

Central Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Savannah	8 45 a m
Arrives in Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon	7 15 a m
Arrives in Savannah	5 25 p m

Night Freight and Passenger.

Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives in Macon	8 20 a m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives in Savannah	7 15 a m

Millen Branch.

Leaves Augusta	9 50 a m
Arrives in Millen	12 40 p m
Leaves Millen	1 10 p m
Arrives in Augusta	4 00 p m

Cincinnati TYPE FOUNDRY,

Manufacture both Type and Printing Machinery, as well as deal in the manufactures of other similar establishments. Do not buy an outfit until you send for specimens, estimates and terms to

CHAS. WELLS, TREAS'R. CINCINNATI TYPE-FOUNDRY, 201 Vine St., Cincinnati, O

Douglas County Sheriff's Sales for April, 1875.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the town of Douglasville, in said county, on the first Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

One house and lot, known and distinguished as lot No. 4 and block No. 20. Levied on by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa. in favor of Thos. Pulium & Co., vs. W. A James. Fi. fa issued from the Justices Court of the 730th District, G. M. Property pointed out by the plaintiffs. Levied on by S. L. Anderson, L. C., and returned to me.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot land No. 201, in the 2d district and 5th section of originally Carroll county, now Douglas county, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. against J. J. Kennedy. Levy made by S. L. Anderson, L. C., and returned to me.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot of land No. 46, in the 3d district and 5th section, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. against Henry Morris. Levied on as the property of Henry Morris, to satisfy his tax for 1874. Levy made by R. Shirley, L. C., and returned to me.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot land, No. 32, in the 1st district and 5th section. Levied on as the property of George Land, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. said George Land for his tax for 1874. Levied on by R. Shirley, L. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot of land, No. 141, in the 3d district and 5th section. Levied on as the property of Nancey McWhater, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. Levy made by R. Shirley, L. C., and returned to me.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot land, No. 63, in the 1st district and 5th section, to satisfy a fi. fa. against W. T. Butler. Levied on by R. Shirley, L. C., and returned to me.

Also, at the same time and place, one house situated and standing on lot No. 7, in the town of Douglasville, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. against W. S. Harvey. Levied on by S. L. Anderson, L. C., and returned to me. This February 10th, 1875.

HENRY M. MITCHELL, feb11—wtd Sheriff.

DeKalb County Sheriff's Sales for April, 1875.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the town of Decatur, DeKalb county, Georgia, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in April next, the following property, to-wit:

One house and lot, situate on Lawrenceville or Main street, in the town of Stone Mountain, in said State and county. Levied on as the property of H. C. Haney, by virtue of, and to satisfy two fi. fas. issued from the Justices Court, 1045th District G. M., DeKalb county, in favor of A. C. McKinney vs. H. C. Haney. Property pointed out by plaintiff. Levy made by M. Winningham, L. C., and returned to me.

Also, at the same time and place, the following property, one house and lot in the town of Stone Mountain, adjoining land owned by J. W. McCurdy and Peter Rollins. Levied on as the property of Horace Echols, by virtue of, and to satisfy an attachment issued by John W. McCurdy, N. P. and ex-officio J. P., in 1045th District G. M., DeKalb county, Georgia, against said Horace Echols. Property pointed out by plaintiff. Levy made by M. Winningham, L. C., and returned to me, March 3, 1875.

JAMES HUNTER, mar4—wtd Sheriff.

PIANOS, ORGANS, MUSIC, &c.

GREAT

Southern Music House.

PHILLIPS, CREW & FREYER,

NO. 4 MARIETTA STREET.

(OLD STAND OF GUILFORD, WOOD & CO.)

ATLANTA, : : : GEORGIA,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

KNABE PIANOS,

CHICKERING PIANOS,

GORHAM PIANOS,

AND OTHER PIANOS AT

$250! $300! $350!

☞ Every Piano Warranted for Five Years. ☜ Pianos sold for monthly payments. Old Pianos and Organs taken in part pay for new. We have a few second-hand Pianos for sale low for cash.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN,

CLOUGH & WARREN ORGAN.

Organs celebrated—unequaled in tone and durability, world renowned.

Prices, $50, $65, $85, $110, $125, $150, $200 to $500.

We are also Agents for the renowned Syracuse Pipe and Reed Organ combined.

—— DEALERS IN ——

SHEET MUSIC, GUITARS, VIOLINS, BANJOS, ACCORDEONS, DRUMS,

And all kinds of MUSICAL MERCHANDISE. Send for Catalogue of Pianos and Organs. Correspondence solicited. Address

mar6—deodtf PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Ga.

PATAPSCO GUANO.

PATAPSCO COMPANY'S

"Grange Mixture."

THIS ARTICLE, AS SHOWN BY THE ANALYSIS OF

Professor W. J. LAND, Chemist,

OF Atlanta, contains the following valuable constituents:

Ammonia, 1.41 per cent. value	$7 05
Phosphoric Acid and Soluble and precipitated, 12.90 per cent. value	38 70
Ditto. not dissolved, 3.81 per cent. value	2 80
Potash, soda and magnesia, not determined by him, but there is present in the mixture from 15 per cent. to 20 per cent. of genuine "Kainit," German potash salts infused by the company, value	6[illegible]
	$54 90

Dr. G. A. Liebig's Analysis

Shows the following results:

Ammonia, 1.26 per cent. value	$6 25
Phosphoric Acid, Soluble and Precipitated, 13.90 per cent. value	41 70
Ditto, not dissolved, 1.24 per cent. value	1 20
Potash, soda and magnesia, 15.55 per cent. value	6 25
	$55 40

This is not what is termed "Acid Phosphate," but like the regular "PATAPSCO" a "COMPLEX ARTICLE," and differing from it only in the *relative quantities* of its constituents—it being designed mainly for use in *composting* with Cotton Seed. It has less ammonia than "Patapsco," but is fully its equal in every other respect, therefore, when used in that way upon exhausted and other soils deficient in organic matter, it will make a maximum crop even on such lands.

For used on soils having present vegetable matter, it can be applied without seed. It is best to bring the fertilizer near the surface, so the young plant may receive benefit and its properties distributed for later wants of the crop.

This article has been on trial in Maryland for several years, where large quantities are now sold. Last year we sold a "Club" in North Carolina, over 100 TONS FOR COTTON, which was used by more than

20 Different Planters with Entire Satisfaction to each.

The gentlemen who conducted the correspondence, has since stated that the results have exceeded that of any other fertilizer they had ever used.

The article sent them had less organic matter than our present make, by ONE-HALF, but in other respects the same. They used about 300 to 400 pounds seed to 200 pounds of mixture, and applied according to the wants of the soil.

1875.

PATAPSCO GUANO!

We have received direct from the Company, by steamer via Port Royal, a fresh supply of this

RELIABLE FERTILIZER!

The results of the past season demonstrate, beyond question, that its former reputation has been fully sustained, and we are assured by

Dr. G. A. Liebig & Geo. W. Grafflin. Esq.,

gentlemen of the highest integrity, who are jointly the sole managers and principal owners, that EVERY single package of it is guaranteed of

Uniform Quality & High Grade.

It is equal, if not superior to any brand manufactured, and fully up to the high standard it has heretofore maintained,

We annex a few certificates and extracts of letters received by the Company and selected from their correspondence as a fair specimen of the whole.

ADAIR & BROTHERS, Atlanta, Ga.

AUGUSTA, GA., January 27, 1875.

Geo. W. Grafflin, Esq., Treasurer Patapsco Guano Company:

DEAR SIR—My evidence before the committee was decided in character. Since 1868 I have each year been selling it and in every single instance but one it has given satisfaction. The party referred to I afterwards found had intentionally done it injustice. You can use this as you deem best. Yours truly,

[Signed] M. A. STOVALL.

GRIFFIN, GA., January 23, 1875.

Patapsco Guano Company, Baltimore:

GENTS—I take pleasure in certifying that my firm received in September, 1873, 58 barrels of "Patapsco" Guano, direct from the Company, and sold 54 of same to 13 farmers planting in this and Butts county. Every man has paid, *no complaints made*, and a majority stated that they had never used an article that paid them better. The above was all that came in barrels. The other shipments came in bags, and all sold by me has given general satisfaction, and is regarded by planters as a good and reliable fertilizer. I have been over twelve years in the guano trade, and have never sold one that has given more general satisfaction. Respectfully, L. R. BREWER, Sr., now of the firm of L. R. Brewer & Son.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 21, 1875.

Mr. G. W. Graffling, Treasurer Patapsco Guano Company:

DEAR SIR—It gives us pleasure to state that we have sold your Patapsco Guano, for past three years, to our customers, with entire satisfaction to them and ourselves. We sell from 200 to 300 tons a season. We have no complaint of any falling off in quality of that sold last season. All who use it were well satisfied. Yours truly,

WILLIAMSON, UPCHURCH & THOMAS.

SAVANNAH, GA., January 21st, 1875.

This is to certify that I have sold the Patapsco Guano to the planters of Georgia for the past two years, and that it hast given entire satisfaction to all my customers, with the exception of a few irresponsible parties who would not pay any just debt.

D. B. HULL.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 21st day of January, 1875.

A. L. REES. Notary Public.

SAVANNAH, January 20th, 1875.

This is to certify that I have sold the Patapsco Guano for two years and that it has given general satisfaction to those who purchased it. I believe it to be the best Commercial Manure now offered for sale. Respectfully, DWIGHT L. ROBERTS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me; this 21st day of January, 1875.

A. L. REES, Notary Public C. C. Ga.

SAVANNAH, GA., January 21st, 1875.

This will certify that from February, 1869, to March, 1874, I have had not less than 12 full commercial analyses made in my Laboratory of the Patapsco Guano. It has always met my endorsement, based upon quality and quality of its nutrient elements. It has varied like most manures, somewhat in proportion of its elements, but has never fallen below the standard. Since January, 1875, and up to March 16, 1875, it has, by testing, four different analysis within that time, averaged in my hands, Ammonia 2.86 per cent., Soluble Phosphoric and Precipitate do., availab first year, 11.20 per cent., together with the average of 8 per cent. of common or insoluble Phosphoric Acid, which, by undergoing chemical reaction underground, during the succeeding fall winter season, prepares the soil for a better yield the succeeding year. The last analysis made March 16th, 1874, was of a high order. Another cargo for this season is now on the way here but has not yet arrived—designed for this season. On the whole I cannot but rank it as a first-class fertilizer.

A. MEANS, Inspector, Savannah, Chatham county, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., January 20th, 1875.

Messrs. Adair & Bros., Agents. Atlanta, Georgia,

GENTLEMEN—The car load (8 tons) of Patapsco Guano that I purchased from you last season, gave entire satisfaction. I used it upon cotton, and am satisfied that the investment paid me handsomely. I can safely say that it is a fertilizer of high grade.

Yours, respectfully, A. J. ORME.

The above is of same lot shipped in September or October, that Professor White's sample came out of, that is, the lot of which the sample was drawn from by Secretary Johnston and analyzed by Prof. White and published to the great injury of the Company

Atlanta, January 29, 1875. ADAIR & BROS.

ROME, GA., January 23, 1875.

Geo. W. Grafflin, Treasurer, at Atlanta:

DEAR SIR—I take pleasure in giving results of my application of "Patapsco" aside of "Merryman's" on 14 acres of river bottom on my farm near Rome, same shown you 15th October last. Boy, Wash McGruder, used 200 pounds "Patapsco" per acre. Boy, Randall Baker, used same quantity of "Merryman's" Results—Randall Baker made 6 bales, 550 pounds each, say 3,500 pounds on 7 acres. Wash McGruder, on land somewhat higher, came out better than Baker. I think there was some difference caused by land being higher. All things equal, results would have been about same.

Yours truly, THOMAS BERRY, jan29—d3m of Berry & Co.

BY THE SEA.

Last night I watched the old year die—
A wind swept once across the sky,
That seemed to me his parting sigh—

The tolling ceased. Then weirdly gay,
The bells rang forth across the bay—
Stealing a sea-charm on their way.

An echo from the hollow caves—
A thrill of music from the waves,
Where some that hear shall find their graves!

These changeful bells, I whispered, sure
Most like some cunning overture,
Give foretaste what we must endure!

O young babe year, that yet shall grow
To work us either weal or woe—
'Tis strange that men should hail thee so!

O dread, mysterious volume, sealed—
What fateful words lie there concealed—
Not till the end be revealed—

O ship that sails the unknown sea!—
We guess not what thy freight may be—
What storms—what shipwreck—none foresee!

Brevities.

—California is cultivating the bamboo with tolerable success.

—Bismarck is so as to sit up, and now it is in front of Moltke's door that the doctor's horse gets rested.

—It is said that Anna Dickinson talks like a grand-mother, and looks it too, but unfortunately she can never be "any such thing."

—So far as we have been able to observe the present winter, not a single book canvasser has been frozen to death.

—The delivery of telegraph messages is about to cease in Sioux City, Iowa. The dogs chew up the messengers so fast that the boy crop is giving out.

—Miss Kellogg has had a severe attack of illness in Boston, but bore up bravely against it, singing until physical exhaustion rendered it necessary for her to leave the stage.

—Herbert Spencer indignantly denies that married life is favorable to longevity. It is evident that Herbert doesn't know old Brigham Young.

—A Long Island man has gone to sea with his soul stirred by the story of Enoch Arden. He wants to be wrecked and come home and find his wife married to some other man.

—Mme. Nilsson-Rouzeaud is still at Cannes, and seems to have made slow progress toward recovery. A gentleman, who has recently seen a letter from M. Rouzeaud, says that one of the most painful phases of her ailment is *insomnia.*

—Harriet Beecher never knew what it was to bend over the children's little white bed, softly pat their curly heads, and hear one of them growl out: "Now then, Sam, keeps your paws off me, or I'll bat you in the eye!"

—According to a Paris correspondent a Brazilian lady is cutting a great dash in that city. She has a yellow carriage, and the wheel-hubs are of solid gold. The servants connected with the turnout number four—two in the box and two in the rumble. The harness is gold-tipped, and the horses are thoroughbreds.

—Mrs. Putnam testified in the Beecher case that Tilton had often referred to the fits of moodiness in which he bullied his wife as one of the "penalties of genius." The penalty of Tilton's genius on those particular occasions should have been a stout hickory stick applied vigorously over his head and shoulders by some christian brother of good muscular development.

—Two prominent business men took an I. C. and L. sleeper for Chicago Monday night. They passed the night very pleasantly, and formed a very high opinion of the evenness of the road-bed and the skill of the engineer. When they awoke in the morning the car was quietly reposing on the track at the north depot, an accident to a freight train having blockaded the track and prevented the departure of the train. Both gentlemen went home to breakfast, passed the forenoon in the car, went home to dinner, and again put in their time till nearly dark gazing at the beauties of Bucktown, but got started to their destination just in time to miss supper.—*Ind. News.*

—It may be a good thing after all for the Hahn family, of Baltimore, that four girl-babies were born to the house in one night. Each baby has received a gold and silver medal, and Mr. Hahn has received from admiring Baltimoreans a purse of $300. The girls will, therefore, be provided for to some extent. The Baltimore American says of the Hahn quartette: "When the story that Chicago claimed also to produced a similar wonder was referred to, in the most emphatic term Mr. Hahn expressed his disbelief of the report, with a manner that seemed to indicate his doubt of Chicago's ability to perform the feat. He states that Dr. Dausch, his attendant physician, in order to sound the story, telegraphed to a Chicago newspaper, inquiring whether the rumor was actually well-founded. He received in response a telegram, saying, with true Chicago audacity, that 'if Baltimore can lie, so can Chicago.' Mrs. Hahn is now able to be more about the house, but is kept closely occupied by the illness of one of her older children."

MARKET REPORTS.

Telegraphic Markets.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

NEW YORK, March 11.—Cotton firm but nominal; sales 426 bales; uplands 16⅝; Orleans 16⅞.

Futures opened steady: March 16¼a16 5-16; April 16 21-32a16 11-16; May 17 1-32a17 1-16; June 17⅜a17 13-32.

Flour firm. Wheat firm. Corn firm. Pork firm at $19 50. Lard heavy; steam 13 15-16. Turpentine heavy at 36½. Rosin steady at $2 07½a$2 12½ for strained. Freights firm. Stocks active and lower. Money 4. Gold opened at 15¼ and closed at 15⅜. Exchange—long $4 80; short $4 84. Governments active. State bonds steady.

LIVERPOOL, March 11, noon—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 7⅞; Orleans 8a8⅛; sales 18,000 bales including 6,000 for speculation and export; to arrive 1-16 dearer; sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below good ordinary shipped in February or March 7 15-16; do. nothing below low middlings shipped in February or March 8; do. deliverable in March or April 7⅞; do. do. May or June 8 1-16.

LIVERPOOL, March 11, 2 P.M.—Cotton sales to-day include 8,400 bales American; sales on a basis of middling Orleans nothing below low middlings shipped in March or April 8⅛. Breadstuffs quiet.

LONDON, March 11.—Erie 24⅛.

PARIS, March 11.—Rentes 65f 50c.

SHIPPING NEWS.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Arrived—City of New York, Deutschland. Arrived out—Pelham, Friga, Rund, Sarah, Herbert C. Hall, Brightest Star, Olivia, Donna Louisa, Atlantic, Charles H. Outlin, Thorwalden, Grace E. Carn, Aphrodite, Mendel.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga., March 11, 1875.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial—Gold, buying at $1 12; selling at $1 14. Silver, buying at $1 04; selling at $1 08.

Exchange.—Buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s 80a82; 7s 90a92; 8s $1 03a$1 05. Atlanta water bonds 73a75. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a73; 8s 81a83. Augusta 80a82. Georgia Railroad stock, 78a82; Georgia Railroad bonds, 90a92. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 65a70; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 90a92. Central Railroad stock 55a58; Savannah bonds 82.

Atlanta Produce Market.

Pork—7½c gross, per car load.
Beef cattle—2a5c.
Dried Fruit—Peaches unpealed ½s 5a6c; peaches unpealed ¼s 6½a7; peaches peeled 10a14c; apples peeled 6½a7c.
Butter—25a30.
Beeswax—27a27½.
Rags—2¼a3c.
Feathers—50a70.
Eggs—We quote at 12½.
Poultry—very little in market and prices rule high.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

Corn—mixed and white $1 05.
Meal—$1 05.
Grits—$5 50.
Buckwheat— $10 per bbl.
Wheat—white $1 35a$1 45; amber $1 30a1 40; red $1 20a1 25.
Oats—mixed 80; white 83; amber 90; black 90
Clay Peas—$1 75.
Cow Peas—$1 50.
Hay—Timothy $1 60; clover $1 25; Tennessee $1 25a1 35.
Flour—fancy $7 25a7 50; extra family $6 75a$7 00; family $6 25a6 35; extra $6a6 25; superfine $5 50.
Bacon—new s. c. hams 14½a14½; old s. c. 12½a13; clear rib sides 12½a12¾; clear sides 12½; shoulders 9½a9½.
Bulk Meat—clear rib sides 11½; long clear sides none; clear sides 11½; shoulders 8¼; hams 12½; green and partially cured meats ½c less.
Lard—tierces 15½a16; kegs and cans 16¼; buckets 17.
Hams—sugar-cured, old canvassed 12½a12¾; new uncanvassed 13½a14½.
Bagging—gunny 11½; domestic 2 lb. 12½; 2¼ lb. 13; 2½ lb. 13½; Borneo 13½.
Rope—Annawakes 25a27.
Ties—6a7½.
Spices—pepper 28; ginger 18; alspice 20; nutmegs $1 75; cloves 50.
Salt—Virginia $1 75; Liverpool $1 65.

kits $1 25. No. 2 bbls.——; ½ bbls $6 00; kits $1 60. No. 3 bbls. full weight, $11 00; ½ bbls, $5 50; kits $1 00.
Vinegar—24a40.
[illegible]
Coffee—Rio 22a24; Laguira 25; Java 38.
Molasses—Black strap 45.
Syrups—New York 50a75; New Orleans 70a75.
Soap—poor man's $3 50; laundry $3 50; English crown $3 75.
Starch—6¼.
Rice—bbls 8½; tierces 8¼.
Soda—kegs 6¼; assorted papers 7½.
Crackers—C soda 5½a6c; A soda 5½a7; butter 5a7; pic-nic 5a7; oyster 6a8; milk 9½a12; wine 10a12; Boston butter 10a12; sugar 8½a10; C cream 8½a10; lemon cream 9½a11; hand-made sugar jumbles 13a16; hand-made lemon cakes 14a16; hand-made tea-cakes 16a20; hand-made scolloped sugar cakes 10a13; spice cakes 10a12; ginger snaps 9a12; ginger bread 8a9.
Candy—assorted stick, per box, $3 50a3 75; fancy 18a35.
Canned and Case Goods—1 lb oysters, per dozen $1a1 10; 2 lb. oysters, per dozen, $2 25a2 50; sardines, per case, $17a17 50; salmon, per dozen $3 50; lobsters, per dozen, $2 50; tomatoes, per dozen, $1 75a2 00; peaches, per dozen, $2 50a2 75; pineapples $2 50a2 75; green corn $2 50; green peas 2 lbs $2 25a2 75; Lima beans 2 lbs. $3a3 25; eagle brand milk 1 lb $3a3 25.
Pickles, Mustard and Sauce—Gerkins, pts per case $1 75a2; qts per case $3a3 25; half gal $4 50a5; half doz $3 25a3 50; half bbls. $6 50a8; English pickles, pts $4 25a5; Colman's mustard per doz $2a2 25; French mustard per doz, $2a2 35; Lea & Perrins Worcestershire Sauce $5a5 50; tomato catsup pts $1 25a1 50; qts $2 25a2 50; pepper sauce red $1 25a1 50; green $1 50a1 75.
Flavoring Extracts—Lemon per doz $2 25a2 50; vanilla $2 75a3; assorted $2 25a2 50.
Sardines—qrs $17a17 50.
Fire Crackers—No. 1 extra, 40 packs per box, $3 50.
Teas—Oolong 75a$1; imperial 75a$1; gunpowder 75a$1.
Cheese—State dairy 15a18½.
Irish Potatoes—Goodrich $4 25; pink-eye $4 25; early rose $4 25.
Onions—silver skin, very choice $5 50a6, red $5 50a6.
Apples—choice to fancy $5a6.
Oranges—Louisiana, each 2½a3½.
Lemons—per box $8a10.
Raisins—Layers, whole, per box $3 50a4; half $1 85a2; quarters $1.
Currants—per lb. 10a12½.
Citron—Leghorn, per lb 50a55; English 45a50.
Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per lb, new 15a17½.
Dates—in 25 and 30 boxes, per lb 12½a15
Prunes—in bbls, per lb 14a15.
Nuts and Almonds—Languedoc 25½a27½; pecan nuts 11a15; Brazil nuts 15; English walnuts 16a20; filberts 15a17½.
Pea Nuts—Tennessee choice per bushel $1 75; Wilmington fancy per lb 8½a9.
Sundries—Dried herring 60a75; Bologna sausage 12½a15; Atmore's mince meat 12c per lb in half bbls.
Wood Ware—2 hp brass-bound red cedar buckets, per dozen $8 50; 3 hp brass-bound red cedar buckets per doz $9 50; 2 hp brass-bound juniper buckets $6; 3 hp juniper buckets $7; 2 hp painted buckets $2 50a3 60; well buckets $6a6 50; painted tubs, 8 in nest, $3 65a3 75; No. 18 sieves per doz. $2 25; brooms, per doz, $2 75a4 50; matches, parlor per gross $3 25; ball boxes per doz $3 00.
Lime—35a50; hydraulic $1 50.
Cement—$3 50a$4.
Concentrated Lye, per case, $8 50; potash, per case, $8 00.
Copperas—4c.
Kerosene Oil—18a20.
Blacking—35a70
Candles—17½.
Axle Grease—per dozen, $1 50
Table Salt—per dozen, $1 50.
Nails—For 12d, 10d, $3 80. 25c per keg additional for diminishing sizes.
Powder—per keg rifle $6 50; blasting $4 50.
Shot—drop, per bag, $2 40; buck, per bag, $2 75.
Iron—Bar iron $3 50; axes $11a13 50; steel 20a22; shovels—Ames' $14 50a15; horse and mule shoes 7a8; horse shoe nails 20a30. Scofield Rolling Mill standard sizes by carload standard sizes $2 90a3 00; by carload sundry sizes $3 15a3 90.
Leather—Sole, hemlock, good damaged 16a28; good 29a33; white oak 40a50; black upper 40a55.
Wool—Washed 35a50c; unwashed 25c.
Yarn—$1 20.
Seeds—Clover $9 00; timothy $4 50; orchard grass $3 25; blue grass $2; herd's grass 2 25; Hungarian millet $2.

Fresh Meats.

Beef—Loin 15c; roast 15c; choice steaks 15c; chuck 12½c; brisket 10c. Pork nominal, 14½c. Mutton 12½a15c. Veal 15c.

Junk Market.

Rags—Buying prices 2a2½. Waste paper—buying prices ½c. Scrap Iron—Buying prices ½c. Old Copper—Buying prices 12½a15. Twine—Paper, selling price per lb., 25; Jute 14a25; Cotton 18a40; Flax 40a80.

Carpets.

Hartford carpet company, extra 3-ply $1 45; imperial 3-ply $1 40; superfine $1 25a1 40; extra S——; medium superfine 95c; body Brussels, 5-frame $2; tapestry $1 25a$1 50; hemp, medium, 36-inch 2[illegible]; extra 32c; matting straw, white 28a50c; check 40a55c; oil cloth, 6 to 12 feet wide 75c a$1 50; 18 feet wide $1 50a$3.

Tobacco.

Chewing—Common, sound, 11-in new per pound 48a50; do., 11-in old 50a55; medium, 11-in old 58a62½; good 11-in old 68a75; fine 11-in. old 75a85; bright navys 60a65; bright qrs. 12-in 60a65; good 70a75; fine 85a90; 12-inch pounds, good 75a90; very fine, Gravely $1; line cut, home made 80a85; Sunny Side, per gross $10 70; Welcome $10; Century $10; in bulk, per lb. $1 10; Log Cabin $1 10; Calhoun $1 25; Stults AAAA $1 10

Smoking—Durham, per pound 60a75; Highlander $1; Lone Jack $1 75a2; Dew Drop 75; in case 65; Merry Mates 55; case 50; The Weed 50; case 45; Seal of North Carolina 75; case 65; Little Joker 65; case 60, Louisiana Perique $3; Virginity $1 50; Caprice $1 75; Straight Cut $1 75; Cavendish $1 25.

Wines and Liquors.

Corn whisky, proof, 100 per cent., from $1 25 to $1 50, 80 per cent., $1 00, white Pure Robertson County whisky from $1 25 to $2 50; Bourbon from $1 25 to $5; proof rye $1 25 to $6; apple brandy $2 25 to $2 50; peach Brandy from $2 50 to $3; ginger brandy from $1 25 to $1 75; cognac from $1 50 to $3; pure imported from $8 to $12; domestic $1 50a3; Jamaica rum $3 50a4 50; pure cherry brandy from 1 25 to $1 50; gin from $1 50 to $2 50; pure imported from $4 to $6; rum from $1 50 to $4; pure port wine from $2 to $6; sherry wine from $2 to $6; claret in cases $6 per dozen; golden crown champagne, pints, $16, quarts, $14; Heidsic & Co., pints, $30, quarts $28.

Drugs, Oils, etc.

Opium, per lb, $11 00; bi-carbonate soda, per lb, 6 50; bluestone, per lb, 14a15; copperas, per lb, 3a3½; Epsom salts, per lb, 6; madder, per lb, 16a17; alum, per lb, 6; borax, per lb, 25; brimstone, per lb, 6a7; camphor, per lb, 50; indigo, per lb, 1 00a1 30; quinine, per ounce, $2 50; saltpetre, per lb, 12a15; copal varnish, per gal, $2 00a3 50; Japan varnish, per gal, $1 25a1 75; coach varnish, per gal, $3 50a6 00; white lead, per lb, 9½a14; white lead, pure per lb, 14a15; castor oil, per gal, $1 15; stock powders, per doz, $1 25a1 75; lemon syrup, per doz, $3 75a5 00; gum assafoetida 40a50; acid, sulphuric, carboy, 11. 20; petro oil, per gal, 38a40; turpentine, per gal, 50; catechu, per lb, 9½; flaxseed, per lb, 10; alcohol, per gal, $2 00a2 25; raw linseed oil, per gal, $1 10; boiled linseed oil, per gal, $2 40; sweet oil, per gal, $2 00; sperm oil, per gal, $1 75a2 00; whale oil, per gal, oil, per gal, 75a$1 00; kerosene oil, per gal, $1a1 25; lard oil, per gal, $1 15a1 20; tanners

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Ticking—Amoskeag A C A 24c; Conestoga C C A 18c; Lewiston A 30 inch 20c; Biddeford A 13½c; A A 17c; A A A 20c; B 12½c; Minnehaha 7-8 22½c; A C A 30 inch 23c; Pittsfield 7½; Eagle and Phoenix 4-4 26c; 38 in. 24.
Stripes—American 12c; Arasapha 12 1-2c; Massabesic 14c to 15c; Uncasville A 11 to 12c.
Corset Jeans—Kearsage 12½c.; Laconia 11½c; Naumkeag Sateen 13½c.
Osnaburgs—Alabama, No. 1, 10½c; Trion factory 14c. Milledgeville—8 oz. 14; 6 oz. 12½.
Paper Cambrics—Manville 7; Lonsdale 7½c; Masonville 8c; S S & Sons 8c; Garner 7½c; high colors 7½c.
Glazed Cambrics—Ellerton 6½c; Franklin 6½c; Harmony 6½, high colors, 7c.
Kentucky Jeans—Alpine cloth 35c; Cuba 20c; Fairfax 16c; Gulf mill 22½c; Hillside 10½c; Pacific R. R. 37½c; Preferred Doeskin 37½c; Red Cloud 20; Missouri 22; Fort Royal 25; Atlas 30; Lewellyn 23½; West Lake 28½c.
Dress Goods—corded alpacas 22½c; 3-4 solid 17a18; fancy delaines 20; Balermo stripes 22.
Linseys—12½a20c.
Flannels—white 22½a40; red 20a40; shaker 50a60.
PRINTS—Amoskeag 8c; Arnold's specialty 10½; Albion 9; Ancona 8a9; Bedford 7½a8½; Conestoga 8½a9; Dunnell's 8½; Garner's 8½; Hartel's 8½; Sprague 8½a9; Gloucester 8½a9; Simpson's black 9; Simpson's grays 9; American 8½a9; Freeman's side bands 8; Allen's 8½a9.

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 10; 7-8 8½; yarns $1 20; sewing and knitting thread 50c.
Augusta and Graniteville—3-4 shirting 6½ cents per yard; 7-8 shirtings 8½ per yard; 4-4 sheetings 10 per yard; 7-8 drill 10½ per yard.
Concord Mills—Jeans 65; cashmarets plain 65; cassimeres twilled 75a$1 15; cadet grey $1 25.
Eagle and Phoenix—stripes 11; fancies, fashion 12½c; checks 13; Georgia plaids 12½c.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.

Amoskeag A 36 in. 14c; Z 33 in. 9c. Arkwright 36 in. 15½c. Auburn S. 36 in. 13½c. Boott E 36 in. 9c; R 28 in. 7½c. Cabot 10c; 36 in. 11½c. Canoe 27 in. 6c. Fruit of the Loom 36 in. 14½c. Gem of the Spindle 14c. Hope 36 in. 12c. Linwood 36 in. 12½c. Lonsdale 36 in. 12c. Social L. 36 in. 10c. Suffolk L. 36 in. 7c. Wamsutta OXX 36 in 16½c. OHH 36 in. 18c. Wassaumcuen H. 33 in. 9c. Tuscarora 16½. Pocahontas 12½. Seaside 13½. Holmesville 13. Rosebud 13 Ticonderoga 33 in. 11½. Columbia 9½. Baltic & Bon 10a7½a9. Chestnut Hill 9½. Diamond Hill 12. White river 10. Roger Williams 10½. Grant Mills 8. Red Dog 7. Domestic Ginghams—Gloucester [illegible]

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

SIMMONS' TAKE LIVER REGULATOR

The Symptoms of Liver Complaint are uneasiness and pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, sometimes alternating with lax. The head is troubled with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, debility, and low spirits. Sometimes many of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the Liver is generally the organ most involved.

THE FAVORITE HOME REMEDY.

Is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

Purely Vegetable,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail, IT WILL CURE ALL DISEASES CAUSED BY DERANGMENT OF THE LIVER AND BOWELS,

Simmon's Liver Regulator,

OR MEDICINE, is eminently a Family Medicine; and by being kept ready for immediate resort will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bill.

After over Forty Years' trial it is receiving the most unequalified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Eminent physicians commend it as the most

EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC

for Constipation, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, despondency, gloom and forebodings of evil, all of which are the offspring of a deceased Liver.

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion.

Armed with this ANTIDOTE, all diseases and changes of water and food may be faced without fear. As a Remedy in MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDIC, NAUSEA,

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

It is the Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

CAUTION!

Buy no powders or PREPARED SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR unless in our engraved wrapper, with Trade mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Macon, Ga., and Philadelphia.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TAKE
SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

For all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen.

As a Remedy in

MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA MENTAL DEPRESSION, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDICE, NAUSEA, SICK HEADACHE, COLIC, CONSTIPATION and BILIOUSNESS

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I have never seen or tried such a simple, efficacious, satisfactory and pleasant remedy in my life."—H. HAINER, St. Louis, Mo.

Hon. Alex. H. Stephens.

"I occasionally use, when my condition requires it, Dr. Simmons' Liver Regulator, with good effect."—HON. A. H. STEPHENS.

Governor of Alabama.

"Your Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am persuaded it is a valuable addition to the medical science."—GOV. J. GILL SHORTER, Ala.

"I have used the Regulator in my family for the past seventeen years. I can safely recommend it to the world as the best medicine I have ever used for that class of diseases it purports to cure."—H. F. THIGPEN.

President of City Bank.

"Simmons' Liver Regulator has proved a good and efficacious medicine."—C. A. NUTTING.

Druggist.

"We have been acquainted with Dr. Simmons' Liver Medicine for more than twenty years, and know it to be the best Liver Regulator offered to the public."—M. R. LYON and H. L. LYON, Bellefontaine Ga.

"I was cured by Simmons' Liver Regulator, after having suffered several years with chills and fever."—R. F. ANDERSON

The Clergy.

"Have been a dyspeptic for years; began the Regulator two years ago; it has acted like a charm in my case."

REV. J. C. HOLMES.

Ladies Indorsement.

"I have given your medicine a thorough trial, and in no case has it failed to give full satisfaction." ELLEN MEACHAM, Chattahoochee, Fla.

Sheriff Bibb County.

"I have used your Regulator with successful effect in Bilious Colic and Dyspepsia. It is an excellent remedy, and certainly a public blessing."—C. MASTERSON, Bibb county, Ga.

My Wife.

"My wife and self have used the Regulator for years, and testifies to its great virtues."—Rev. J. R. FELDER, Perry, Ga.

"I think Simmons' Liver Regulator one of the best medicines ever made for the Liver. My wife, and many others, have used it with wonderful effect."—E. K. SPARKS, Albany, Ga.

M. D.

"I have used the Regulator in my family and also in my regular practice, and have found it a most valuable and satisfactory medicine, and believe if it was used by the profession it would be of service in very many cases. I know very much of its component parts, and can certify its medicinal qualities are perfectly harmless."—B. F. GRIGGS, M. D., Macon, Ga.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT LINE.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.

TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA NEW YORK BOSTON

AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.

Three Times a Week from New York

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS,

Elegant State-Room Accommodations.

SEA VOYAGE TEN TO TWELVE HOURS SHORTER via CHARLESTON.

The South Carolina Railroad Co.,

and connecting roads West, in alliance with the fleet of thirteen first-classste amships to the above ports, invite attention to the quick time and regular dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

Port of Charleston.

ffering facilities of railroad and sea transportation for freight and passengers not exelled in excellence and capacity at any other port. The following splendid Ocean steamrs are regularly on the line:

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN....M. S. Woodhull, Commander
CHAMPION....R. W. Lockwood, Commander
CHARLESTON....James Berry, Commander
JAMES ADGER....T. J. Lockwood, Commander
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C
GEORGIA....S. Crowell, Commander
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Iron Steamships

SHLAND....Alex. Hunter, Commanders.
QUATOR....C. Hinckley, Commanders.

SAILING DAYS—FRIDAYS.
WM. A. COURTNEY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TOTAL CAPACITY, 40,000 BALES MONTHLY

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON....Hainie, Commander
VIRGINIA....Johnson, Commander
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SAILING DAYS—EVERY FIFTH DAY.
PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BOSTON.

Steamship MERCEDITA and FLAG sails every Saturday.
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C

Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets

can be had at the principal railroad offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi. State-rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of Steamships in Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases, the railroad tickets should be exchanged and berths assigned. The through tickets by this route include ansfers, meals and state room while on shipboard.

The South Carolina Railroad

GEORGIA RAILROAD,

and their connecting lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of freight and passengers between the Northern cities and the South and West. First class eating saloon at Branchville. On the Georgia and South Carolina Railroads first class sleeping cars. Freight promptly transferred from steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connection made with other roads, delivering freight at distant points with great promptness. The managers will use every exertion to satisfy their patrons that the line *VIA CHARESTON* cannot be surpassed in dispatch and the safe delivery of goods.

Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine insurance one-half of cent.

For further information apply to J. J. GRIFFIN, Western Agent, Atlanta, Ga.; E. D. HASSELL, General Agent, P. O. Box 4979, Office 317 Broadway, N. Y.; S. B. PICKENS General Passenger and Ticket Agent, South Carolina Railroad, or J. M. SELKIRK. Superintendent Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line, Charleston, S. C.

oct23— julyt—deodtf

MILITARY GOODS, &c.

MILITARY GOODS!

HORSTMANN, BROTHERS & CO.,
FIFTH AND CHERRY STS., PHILADELPHIA.
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF
Military, Regalia, Church and Theatrical Goods.
VOLUNTEER COMPANIES AND REGIMENTS,
SUPPLIED WITH ALL ARTICLES NEEDED FOR THEIR EQUIPMENT.
Mail orders and inquiries shall have prompt attention.
HORTSMANN, BROS. & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA

RAILROADS.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE VIA Atlanta and Augusta

To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train

CONNECTIONS by this line are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

Conductors on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The quickest time and sure connection made by this route.

Passengers can purchase through tickets and have their baggage checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, by four different routes, via Augusta, Kingsville and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
As any other Route.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this Route.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find

SPLENDID LINE OF STEAMSHIPS

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on sale at Montgomery West Point and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steamships.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24-tf

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line RAILWAY.

FEBRUARY 28th, 1875.

PASSENGER TRAIN EASTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	7 30 p m
Leave Gainesville	10 02 p m
Leave Tocoa	12 01 a m
Leave Seneca City	1 24 a m
Leave Greenyille	3 21 a m
Leave Spartanburg	4 53 a m
Arrive Charlotte	8 30 a m

Making close connections for Danville, Richmond and Eastern cities, and arriving

12 HOURS IN ADVANCE

Any other line leaving Atlanta.

PASSENGER TRAIN WESTWARD.

Leave Charlotte	6 10 a m
Leave Spartanburg	10 19 a m
Leave Greenville	11 58 a m
Leave Seneca City	2 20 p m
Leave Toccoa	3 43 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 44 p m
Arrive Atlanta	8 45 p m

Pullman Palace Cars on all night trains.
JOHN B. PECK, Master Transportation.
feb28—dtf

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, ATLANTA DIVISION, Central R. R. and Banking Co. of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 10, 1874.

Change of Schedule.

ON and after Thursday, December 10, 1874, the trains between Atlanta and Carrollton will run as follows:

	Arrive.	Leave.
Carrollton		7 45 a m
Whitesburg	8 43 a m	8 55 a m
Sargents	9 15 a m	9 17 a m
Newnan	9 37 a m	9 52 a m
Sharpsburg	10 27 a m	10 29 a m
Turin	10 34 a m	10 37 a m
Senoia	10 57 a m	11 07 a m
Brooksville	11 37 a m	11 42 a m
Griffin	12 22 p m	12 36
Atlanta	2 55 p m	
RETURNING.	Arrive.	Leave.
Atlanta		1 00 p m
Griffin	3 15 p m	3 25 p m
Brooksville	4 00 p m	4 05 p m
Senoia	4 35 p m	4 45 p m
Turin	5 05 p m	5 07 p m
Sharpsburg	5 12 p m	5 14 pm
Newnan	5 49 p m	6 04 p m
Sargents	6 24 p m	6 26 p m
Whitesburg	6 46 p m	6 51 p m
Carrollton	7 51 p m	

A. J. WHITE, Pres. and Supt., S. G. and N. A. R. R.
G. J. FOREACRE, Supt, C. R. R. (A. D.)
dec11—dtf

Memphis and Charleston R. R.
MEMPHIS, TENN., OCT. 15, 1874.

NOTICE.

MR. AKERS having resigned as agent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad at Atlanta, Mr. T. G. GARRETT has been appointed as his successor.

Planters and others desiring information in regard to transportation of hands from that section, may get reliable information by calling on or addressing

T. G. GARRETT, Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent. oct18-dtf

GO TO

TEXAS

VIA THE

Lone Star Route!

International & Gt. Northern R. R.

IT IS

The Shortest Quickest and Best
ALL-RAIL LINE TO

Waco, Bremond,
Hearne, Rockdale,
Houston, Galveston,
Hempstead, Brenham,
Columbia, Austin,
San Antonio,

And all principal points in

Eastern, Central, Western & Southern
TEXAS!

SEND for a GUIDE AND MAP of the route, which will be sent free, by addressing the General Ticket Agent International and Great Northern Railroad, HOUSTON, TEXAS.
jan8—wly-n-r-m

A FORTUNE FOR $1.
Wyoming Monthly
LOTTERY.

Legalized by Authority of an act of the Legislature.
Tickets $1 each. Six for $5. One Chance in every 6.
Fifth Extraordinary Drawing.
1 Cash Prize of $100,000
1 Cash Prize of 50,000
1 Cash Prize of 25,000
1 Cash Prize of 20,000
51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to $350,000
[illegible]
J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.
[illegible]

C. BOHNEFELD,
Funeral Undertaker,
No. 1 DeGive's Opera House,
Atlanta..........Georgia.

IN connection with the above business I have associated myself with

Mr. MAX GERBER, Artist,

and am prepared to furnish all who may desire FAC-SIMILE LIFE-SIZE BUSTS of themselves, living or deceased friends, in

Plaster Paris or Marble.

Mr. Gerber will carve or mould a hand exactly like the original, thus making a beautiful ornament for the parlor. The public is respectfully invited to call and see specimens of work, and I feel confident it will recommend itself. [illegible]

CHEAP coal for everybody, by J. M. Bor

PACIFIC GUANO.

ADAIR & BROTHERS.

PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY!

CAPITAL, - - $1,000,000!

Soluble Pacific Guano,

AND

COMPOUND ACID PHOSPHATE,

For Composting with Cotton Seed.

THE SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO is now so well known for its remarkable effects as an agency for increasing the products of labor as not to require especial commendation from us. Its use, for Ten Years past, has established its character for Reliable Excellence. The large, Fixed Capital invested by the Company in this trade, affords the surest guarantee of the continued excellence of Guano.

CASH PRICES;

Per ton 2,000 lbs. Soluble Pacific Guano, $50 00
Per ton 2,000 lbs. Acid Phosphate, - - 38 00

TIME PRICES;

Without Interest, and option of paying in Liverpool Middling Cotton, delivered at nearest Railroad Depot, at Fifteen Cents per pound;

Per ton 2,000 lbs. Soluble Pacific Guano, $60 00
Per ton 2,000 lbs. Acid Phosphate, - - 45 00

Orders received and information furnished on application to us or our agents at various Local Markets.

As we have the advantage of a side track, make no charge for drayage in car load lots.

ADAIR & BROTHERS, Agents,
jan3—d3m PACIFIC GUANO, Atlanta, Ga.

COMPOST FERTILIZER.

Compound Acid Phosphate of Lime
FOR COMPOSTING WITH COTTON SEED.

THIS article is manufactured by the PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY, at Charleston, S. C., expressly for Composting with Cotton Seed, and has proved a most valuable and economical fertilizer. Directions for composting will be furnished by the undersigned. This article should be procured early, and the compost made in time to allow seed ample time to decompose. For Prices and terms, apply to

ADAIR & BROTHERS, Agents,
JOHN S. REESE & CO., General Agents. ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
dec10—d3mo

CHESAPEAKE GUANO.

CHESAPEAKE GUANO

The general testimony of our patrons who have bought and used the Chesapeake Guano the past season is

VERY FAVORABLE,

and its reputation as a first-class Fertilizer has been fully sustained. We will be able, in a few days to supply the demand, with a fresh article, in fine condition, and will guarantee the composition and quality the same as heretofore sold by us.

The Best Evidence

we have to offer of its merits is the test in the soil made by the longest list of certificates we have for distribution of those who have used it the past season, as well as for several years past. Please send in your orders to us or our various Local Agents in Middle and North Georgia.

For terms, circulars, &c., please apply to us, or our agents.

As we have the advantage of a side track, make no charge for drayage in car load lots.

ADAIR & BROTHERS, Agents,
jan14—d3m Atlanta, Georgia.

ZELL'S AMMONIATED BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

Zell's Ammoniated Bone
SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

We again offer to the Planters of Georgia the above celebrated Fertilizer, which comes into the market this season fresh and in good order, and guaranteed to be the same in composition and quality as heretofore sold. As an evidence of the

Superior Merit and Intrinsic Value

of this Super-Phosphate, we would refer to those who have used it in this section for the past five or six years, as well as the increased demand it has attained from year to year. The general report fully sustains its reputation. Terms same as last year, with the option to the planter to pay first November next, in middling cotton at 15 cents per pound.

Please apply to our various local agents for circulars of testimonials, or to us.

As we have the advantage of a side track, make no charge for drayage in car load lots.

ADAIR & BROTHERS, Agents,
jan14—d3m Atlanta, Ga.

WESTERN PRODUCE.

In addition to the above Standard well-known Fertilizers, we offer to the trade

WESTERN PRODUCE!

(BY WHOLESALE ONLY,)

Corn, Seed Oats, Hay, Flour,

MEAL, BULK MEATS, LARD, AND

PROVISIONS GENERALLY.

Dealers will consult their own interest by calling on us, or sending their orders.

As we have the advantage of a side track, make no charge for drayage in car load lots.

Respectfully,
ADAIR & BROTHERS,
jan14—d3m No. 27 West Alabama Street.

ALL DISEASES, ACUTE AND CHRONIC, of children and adults, males and females, prescribed for by Dr. W. T. PARK, at his Medical Institute and Dispensary, corner Broad and Mitchell streets, up-stairs, entrance on south Broad. Purest, best, most concentrated and palatable medicines always on hand, prepared by Dr. Park himself, for his patients only. The indigent poor of the city prescribed for gratuitously, they paying for the medicine only. Medical advice and medicine specially adapted to each case, forwarded to any one who can be reached by express or mail, (express preferred) on reception of full history of case, present state of health, condition of bowels, etc., and five dollars. Address all communications and send all money to Dr. W. T. PARK, P. O. Box No. 158, Atlanta, Georgia.
jan24—dlawsun [illegible]

DECATUR

Male and Female High School.

SPRING TERM opens February 1st and closes July 12, 1875.

TUITION.

Primary Department, per month... $2 00
Junior Class, per month... 3 00
Intermediate Class, per month... 4 00
Senior Class, per month... 5 00

Music and Painting at the usual charges. Board, washing and lights in the Principal's family at $15 00 per month.

For circular address Principal.
T. A. MURRAY, A. M., Principal.

HERRING'S
Patent Champion Safes,
Established more than a third of a Century.

REDUCED IN PRICE.

ALSO, TWO HUNDRED SECOND-HAND SAFES FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES.

HERRING & CO.,
251 & 252 Broadway, N. Y.,
56 and 60 Sudbury St., Boston.
feb9—deod3m

DUNCAN SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS.

No. 9 & 11 Nassau St., New York, Issue CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT for TRAVELERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST, available in all the principal cities; also, for use in the United States, West Indies, &c. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS to LONDON, PARIS, CALIFORNIA, HAVANA, MEXICO, CHINA, JAPAN, &c.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and other received. jan6—deodly

Guano Economy.

BONE DUST, per ton... $35 00
Oil Meal, per ton... 30 00
Sulphates of Lime, per ton... 30 00
Chloride of Sodium, per ton... 25 00
All Combined, per ton... 30 00
Garden Phosphate... 30 00

JNO. M. C. REID, Manufacturer of Bone Dust, Oil Meal and Dealer in Agricultural Salts, Atlanta, Ga.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEAS—The choicest in the world. Importers' prices—Largest company in America—staple article—pleases everybody—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted every where—best inducements—don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y., P. O. Box 1287.

The DIAMOND COTTON CHOPPER



Cotton Planter & Corn Planter attachment. All warranted. Agents wanted. Send for Illustrated Circular with warrantee and certificates, to
J. W. HINSDALE, Sec., Fayetteville, N. C., or to Local Agt

$200 a month to agents everywhere. Address EXCELSIOR M'F'G CO., Buchanan, Mich.

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: Systematic.—All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 Cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (*ninety-seventh edition*) containing lists of over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. GET THE BOOK.

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Proprietors of the famous Charleston (Ill.,) Infirmary, are indorsed in the last issue of the "Nation's Journal of Health," by men of prominence South and North. Also by fifty ministers of various denominations. AN OPPORTUNITY IS NOW OFFERED TO OBTAIN A THOROUGH EXAMINATION AND TREATMENT WITHOUT HAVING TO VISIT THE INFIRMARY. Address at once, DR. S. VAN METER & CO., Charleston, Illinois.

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